

TEX-RAY INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES**Consolidated Financial Statements**

**With Independent Auditors' Report
For the Years Ended December 31, 2023 and 2022**

Address: **2F., No. 426, Linsen N. Rd., Jhongshan Dist., Taipei City**
Telephone: (02)2521-5155

The independent auditors' report and the accompanying consolidated financial statements are the English translation of the Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. If there is any conflict between, or any difference in the interpretation of the English and Chinese language independent auditors' report and consolidated financial statements, the Chinese version shall prevail.

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Representation Letter

The entities that are required to be included in the combined financial statements of TEX-RAY INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD. as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023 under the Criteria Governing the Preparation of Affiliation Reports, Consolidated Business Reports, and Consolidated Financial Statements of Affiliated Enterprises are the same as those included in the consolidated financial statements prepared in conformity with International Financial Reporting Standards No. 10 by the Financial Supervisory Commission, "Consolidated Financial Statements." In addition, the information required to be disclosed in the combined financial statements is included in the consolidated financial statements. Consequently, TEX-RAY INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD. and Subsidiaries do not prepare a separate set of combined financial statements.

Company name: TEX-RAY INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD.

Chairman: Ray Lin

Date: March 27, 2024



安侯建業聯合會計師事務所
KPMG

台北市110615信義路5段7號68樓(台北101大樓)
68F., TAIPEI 101 TOWER, No. 7, Sec. 5,
Xinyi Road, Taipei City 110615, Taiwan (R.O.C.)

電話 Tel	+ 886 2 8101 6666
傳真 Fax	+ 886 2 8101 6667
網址 Web	kpmg.com/tw

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Board of Directors of TEX-RAY INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD.:

Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of TEX-RAY INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD. and its subsidiaries ("the Group"), which comprise the consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the years then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of material accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Group as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, and its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and with the International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRSs"), International Accounting Standards ("IASs"), Interpretations developed by the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee ("IFRIC") or the former Standing Interpretations Committee ("SIC") endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with the Regulations Governing Financial Statement Audit and Attestation Engagements of Certified Public Accountants and Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with The Norm of Professional Ethics for Certified Public Accountant of the Republic of China, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis of our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. The key audit matters that in our professional judgement, should be communicated are as follows:

1. Revenue recognition

Please refer to Note 4(o) for the accounting policies on revenue and Note 6(t) "Revenue from contracts with customers" for the details of the related disclosure.

Description of key audit matter:

The Group is in the garment textile industry. In order to enhance the international competency, the management adopts global layout as its business strategy and adds multiple production and sales supply chains overseas. Therefore, the extent of influence of local laws and political and economic changes in various countries to such strategy increases dramatically. Resulting in that the revenue recognition is regarded as highly concerns. Therefore, the Group's revenue recognition has been identified as one of the key audit matters.

How the matter was addressed in our audit:

We have performed certain audit procedures including understanding the design of internal controls over the recognition of revenue and the collection of receivables, performing test of details by inspecting the sales orders, shipping records, invoices and documents related to accounts receivable and cash collection, and sending confirmation letters to verify the sales records and assessing the adequacy of revenue recognition. Furthermore, we also performed sample testing for verification from transactions within a period before and after balance sheet date to determine whether the revenue is recognized in appropriate period.

2. Valuation of accounts receivable

For the accounting policies on the valuation of accounts receivable, please refer to Note 4(g). Refer to Note 5(a) for the accounting estimates and assumptions related to the valuation of accounts receivable on reporting date and refer to Note 6(c) for the details of the accounts receivable.

Description of key audit matter:

As of December 31, 2023, the accounts receivable of the Group was \$669,992 thousand. We have considered that the Group's trading partners are scattered in different industries and geographic regions, how the management control credit risk of its customer is thoroughly important. Therefore, the impairment assessment of accounts receivable has been identified as one of the key audit matters.

How the matter was addressed in our audit:

We have performed certain audit procedures including inspecting the controls over customer credit assessment process, analyzing the accounts receivable aging table, viewing past collection experience of customers and checking cash collection records after the reporting date to evaluate whether the impairment of the accounts receivable has been properly assessed.

Other Matter

TEX-RAY INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD. has prepared its parent-company-only financial statements as of and for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, on which we have issued an unmodified opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and IFRSs, IASs, interpretation as well as related guidance endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance (including the Audit Committee) are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China, we exercise professional judgment and professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

1. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
2. Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
3. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
4. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
5. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
6. Obtain sufficient and appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partners on the audit resulting in this independent auditors' report are Tseng, Kuo-Yang and Chang, Shu-Ying.

KPMG

Taipei, Taiwan (Republic of China)

March 27, 2024

Notes to Readers

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are intended only to present the consolidated statement of financial position, financial performance and its cash flows in accordance with the accounting principles and practices generally accepted in the Republic of China and not those of any other jurisdictions. The standards, procedures and practices to audit such consolidated financial statements are those generally accepted and applied in the Republic of China.

The auditors' report and the accompanying consolidated financial statements are the English translation of the Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. If there is any conflict between, or any difference in the interpretation of the English and Chinese language auditors' report and consolidated financial statements, the Chinese version shall prevail.

(English Translation of Consolidated Financial Statements and Report Originally Issued in Chinese)

TEX-RAY INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES**Consolidated Balance Sheets****December 31, 2023 and 2022****(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)**

Assets		December 31, 2023		December 31, 2022		Liabilities and Equity		December 31, 2023		December 31, 2022			
		Amount	%	Amount	%			Amount	%	Amount	%		
Current assets:						Current liabilities:							
1100	Cash and cash equivalents (Note 6(a))	\$	2,102,688	25	2,144,613	25	2100	Short-term borrowings (Note 6(k))	\$	1,245,076	15	1,440,752	17
1150	Notes receivable, net (Notes 6(c) and 7)		22,930	-	33,069	-	2110	Short-term notes and bills payable (Note 6(l))		709,282	9	279,473	3
1170	Accounts receivable, net (Notes 6(c) and 7)		669,992	8	720,650	8	2130	Current contract liabilities (Notes 6(t) and 7)		95,331	1	108,992	1
1200	Other receivables, net (Notes 6(d) and (f))		139,740	2	88,876	1	2150	Notes payable		7,262	-	1,653	-
1220	Current tax assets		4,558	-	5,283	-	2170	Accounts payable		447,123	6	536,277	6
1310	Inventories, manufacturing business, net (Note 6(e))		925,690	11	1,250,817	14	2200	Other payables		277,285	3	340,232	4
1410	Prepayments		133,577	2	134,589	2	2220	Other payables to related parties (Note 7)		74,981	1	20,816	-
1470	Other current assets		6,650	-	7,553	-	2230	Current tax liabilities		32,583	-	60,881	1
1476	Other current financial assets (Note 8)		226,088	3	178,190	2	2310	Advance receipts		5,073	-	4,733	-
			4,231,913	51	4,563,640	52	2313	Unearned revenue		329	-	2,836	-
Non-current assets:							2280	Current lease liabilities (Note 6(n))		46,158	1	46,253	1
1517	Non-current financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (Notes 6(b) and (f))		47,016	1	24,512	-	2320	Long-term liabilities, current portion (Note 6(m))		121,371	1	118,053	1
							2300	Other current liabilities		9,148	-	6,981	-
1600	Property, plant and equipment (Notes 6(g) and 8)		1,878,958	23	1,936,570	22				3,071,002	37	2,967,932	34
1755	Right-of-use assets (Notes 6(h) and 8)		234,854	3	301,164	3	Non-Current liabilities:						
1760	Investment property, net (Notes 6(i) and 8)		1,526,846	19	1,435,942	17	2540	Long-term borrowings (Note 6(m))		1,956,895	24	2,067,926	24
1780	Intangible assets (Note 6(j))		241,261	3	256,893	3	2570	Deferred tax liabilities (Note 6(q))		178,483	2	180,307	2
1840	Deferred tax assets (Note (q))		29,059	-	58,059	1	2580	Non-current lease liabilities (Note 6(n))		144,801	2	205,220	2
1960	Non-current prepayments for investments		9,245	-	-	-	2640	Net defined benefit liabilities, non-current (Note 6(p))		6,754	-	11,719	-
1980	Other non-current financial assets (Note 8)		37,344	-	42,811	1	2670	Other non-current liabilities, others		6,308	-	4,430	-
1990	Other non-current assets, others		30,305	-	36,898	1				2,293,241	28	2,469,602	28
			4,034,888	49	4,092,849	48		Total liabilities		5,364,243	65	5,437,534	62
							Equity attributable to owners of parent (Note 6(r)):						
							3110	Ordinary share		2,336,247	28	2,336,247	27
							3200	Capital surplus		254,267	3	239,699	3
							3300	Retained earnings		94,321	1	259,608	3
							3400	Other equity interest		79,678	1	224,138	3
							Total equity attributable to owners of parent:			2,764,513	33	3,059,692	36
							36XX	Non-controlling interests		138,045	2	159,263	2
							Total equity			2,902,558	35	3,218,955	38
Total assets		\$	8,266,801	100	8,656,489	100	Total liabilities and equity		\$	8,266,801	100	8,656,489	100

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

(English Translation of Consolidated Financial Statements Originally Issued in Chinese)

TEX-RAY INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES**Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income****For the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022****(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars , Except for Earnings Per Common Share)**

		2023		2022	
		Amount	%	Amount	%
4000	Operating revenue (Notes 6(t) and 7)	\$ 4,555,351	100	6,129,220	100
5000	Operating costs (Notes 6(e), (j) and (p))	<u>3,785,652</u>	<u>83</u>	<u>4,828,337</u>	<u>79</u>
5900	Gross profit from operations	<u>769,699</u>	<u>17</u>	<u>1,300,883</u>	<u>21</u>
6000	Operating expenses (Notes 6(j), (n), (p) and (u)):				
6100	Selling expenses	408,954	9	587,327	10
6200	Administrative expenses	481,776	10	534,329	8
6300	Research and development expenses	85,069	2	77,898	1
6450	Expected credit loss (gain) (Note 6(c))	<u>(24,505)</u>	<u>(1)</u>	<u>70,706</u>	<u>1</u>
		<u>951,294</u>	<u>20</u>	<u>1,270,260</u>	<u>20</u>
6900	Net operating (loss) income	<u>(181,595)</u>	<u>(3)</u>	<u>30,623</u>	<u>1</u>
7000	Non-operating income and expenses (Note 6(v)):				
7010	Other income (Note 7)	13,873	-	8,445	-
7020	Other gains and losses, net (Notes 6(f) and (j))	137,510	3	73,776	1
7100	Interest income	82,234	2	32,440	1
7510	Interest expense (Notes 6(n) and 7)	<u>(118,872)</u>	<u>(3)</u>	<u>(99,981)</u>	<u>(2)</u>
		<u>114,745</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>14,680</u>	<u>-</u>
7900	(Loss) Profit from continuing operations before tax	<u>(66,850)</u>	<u>(1)</u>	<u>45,303</u>	<u>1</u>
7950	Less: Income tax expenses (Note 6(q))	<u>98,401</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>86,977</u>	<u>1</u>
	Loss	<u>(165,251)</u>	<u>(3)</u>	<u>(41,674)</u>	<u>-</u>
8300	Other comprehensive income:				
8310	Components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss				
8311	Gains (losses) on remeasurements of defined benefit plans	437	-	5,825	-
8312	Gains on revaluation surplus	-	-	958	-
8316	Unrealized losses from investments in equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	<u>(68,384)</u>	<u>(2)</u>	<u>10,164</u>	<u>-</u>
8349	Income tax related to components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
	Components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss	<u>(67,947)</u>	<u>(2)</u>	<u>16,947</u>	<u>-</u>
8360	Components of other comprehensive income (loss) that will be reclassified to profit or loss				
8361	Exchange differences on translation of foreign financial statements	<u>(75,765)</u>	<u>(2)</u>	<u>151,156</u>	<u>2</u>
8399	Income tax related to components of other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to profit or loss	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
	Components of other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to profit or loss	<u>(75,765)</u>	<u>(2)</u>	<u>151,156</u>	<u>2</u>
8300	Other comprehensive income	<u>(143,712)</u>	<u>(4)</u>	<u>168,103</u>	<u>2</u>
8500	Total comprehensive income	<u>\$ (308,963)</u>	<u>(7)</u>	<u>126,429</u>	<u>2</u>
8600	Loss, attributable to:				
8610	Owners of parent	\$ (165,763)	(3)	(38,383)	
8620	Non-controlling interests	<u>512</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(3,291)</u>	<u>-</u>
		<u>\$ (165,251)</u>	<u>(3)</u>	<u>(41,674)</u>	<u>-</u>
8700	Comprehensive income attributable to:				
8710	Owners of parent	\$ (309,747)	(7)	125,025	2
8720	Non-controlling interests	<u>784</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,404</u>	<u>-</u>
		<u>\$ (308,963)</u>	<u>(7)</u>	<u>126,429</u>	<u>2</u>
	Earnings per share (Note 6(s))				
9750	Basic earnings per share (dollars)	<u>\$ (0.71)</u>		<u>(0.16)</u>	
9850	Diluted earnings per share (dollars)	<u>\$ (0.71)</u>		<u>(0.16)</u>	

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

(English Translation of Consolidated Financial Statements Originally Issued in Chinese)

TEX-RAY INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES**Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity****For the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022****(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)**

	Equity attributable to owners of parent										
						Total other equity interest					
				Retained earnings		Exchange differences on translation of foreign financial statements	Unrealized gains (losses) on financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	Revaluation surplus	Total equity attributable to owners of parent	Non-controlling interests	Total equity
	Ordinary shares	Capital surplus	Legal reserve	Unappropriated retained earnings	Total retained earnings						
Balance at January 1, 2022	\$ 2,336,247	239,714	177,178	104,470	281,648	(975,090)	(36,504)	1,088,667	2,934,682	172,087	3,106,769
Loss	-	-	-	(38,383)	(38,383)	-	-	-	(38,383)	(3,291)	(41,674)
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	5,661	5,661	151,107	5,682	958	163,408	4,695	168,103
Total comprehensive income	-	-	-	(32,722)	(32,722)	151,107	5,682	958	125,025	1,404	126,429
Changes in non-controlling interests	-	(15)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(15)	(14,228)	(14,243)
Disposal of investments in equity instruments designated at fair value through other comprehensive income	-	-	-	10,682	10,682	-	(10,682)	-	-	-	-
Balance at December 31, 2022	2,336,247	239,699	177,178	82,430	259,608	(823,983)	(41,504)	1,089,625	3,059,692	159,263	3,218,955
(Loss) Profit	-	-	-	(165,763)	(165,763)	-	-	-	(165,763)	512	(165,251)
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	476	476	(76,076)	(68,384)	-	(143,984)	272	(143,712)
Total comprehensive income	-	-	-	(165,287)	(165,287)	(76,076)	(68,384)	-	(309,747)	784	(308,963)
Difference between consideration and carrying amount of subsidiaries acquired or disposed of	-	14,568	-	-	-	-	-	-	14,568	(14,568)	-
Changes in non-controlling interests	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(7,434)	(7,434)
Balance at December 31, 2023	\$ 2,336,247	254,267	177,178	(82,857)	94,321	(900,059)	(109,888)	1,089,625	2,764,513	138,045	2,902,558

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

(English Translation of Consolidated Financial Statements Originally Issued in Chinese)

TEX-RAY INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES**Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows****For the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022****(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)**

	For the years ended December 31	
	2023	2022
Cash flows from (used in) operating activities:		
(Loss) profit before tax	\$ (66,850)	45,303
Adjustments:		
Adjustments to reconcile profit (loss):		
Depreciation expense	212,790	203,482
Amortization expense	17,542	17,405
Provision for expected credit (gain) loss	(24,505)	70,706
Interest expense	118,872	99,981
Interest income	(82,234)	(32,440)
Dividend income	(546)	-
Loss on disposal of property, plan and equipment	(172)	(415)
Gain on disposal of investments	(3,527)	-
Impairment loss on non-financial assets	4,268	225
(Gain) loss on fair value adjustment of investment property	(51,021)	34,250
Gain on lease modification	(1,961)	(300)
Total adjustments to reconcile profit	<u>189,506</u>	<u>392,894</u>
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Changes in operating assets:		
Decrease (increase) in notes receivable	8,064	(31,961)
Decrease in accounts receivable	18,088	500,425
(Increase) decrease in other receivable	(31,320)	21,434
Decrease in inventories	263,177	241,612
Increase in prepayments	(10,877)	(5,760)
Decrease (increase) in other current assets	319	(4,420)
Total changes in operating assets	<u>247,451</u>	<u>721,330</u>
Changes in operating liabilities:		
(Decrease) increase in contract liabilities	(12,259)	28,630
Increase (decrease) in notes payable	5,609	(7,803)
Decrease in accounts payable	(34,082)	(334,846)
(Decrease) increase in other payable	(45,071)	25,190
Increase (decrease) in other payable to related parties	59,400	(8,211)
Increase (decrease) in other current liabilities	2,365	(965)
Decrease in net defined benefit liability	(4,489)	(4,389)
(Decrease) increase in deferred credits	(2,474)	2,846
Decrease in other operating liabilities	(610)	(32,706)
Total changes in operating liabilities	<u>(31,611)</u>	<u>(332,254)</u>
Total changes in operating assets and liabilities	<u>215,840</u>	<u>389,076</u>
Total adjustments	<u>405,346</u>	<u>781,970</u>
Cash inflow generated from operations	338,496	827,273
Interest received	82,234	32,440
Interest paid	(118,284)	(100,162)
Income taxes paid	(82,202)	(103,066)
Net cash flows from operating activities	<u>220,244</u>	<u>656,485</u>

(English Translation of Consolidated Financial Statements Originally Issued in Chinese)

TEX-RAY INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES**Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (CONT'D)****For the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022****(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)**

	For the years ended December 31	
	2023	2022
Cash flows from (used in) investing activities:		
Acquisition of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	(71,636)	(10,920)
Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	-	16,380
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	(115,243)	(70,366)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	7,971	13,948
Acquisition of intangible assets	(6,062)	(8,080)
Proceeds from disposal of intangible assets	193	-
Increase in other financial assets	(45,284)	(10,419)
Increase in other non-current assets	(25,073)	(40,005)
Increase in prepayments for business facilities	(9,245)	-
Dividends received	546	-
Proceeds from disposal of subsidiaries	(8,686)	-
Net cash flows used in investing activities	(272,519)	(109,462)
Cash flows from (used in) financing activities:		
Increase in short-term loans	1,948,665	2,734,980
Decrease in short-term loans	(2,144,341)	(2,726,477)
Increase in short-term notes and bills payable	1,189,809	779,889
Decrease in short-term notes and bills payable	(760,000)	(800,000)
Proceeds from long-term debt	52,000	1,941,111
Repayments of long-term debt	(156,716)	(1,672,205)
Payment of lease liabilities	(48,900)	(41,393)
Change in non-controlling interests	(7,434)	(14,243)
Net cash flows from financing activities	73,083	201,662
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	(62,733)	52,902
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	(41,925)	801,587
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	2,144,613	1,343,026
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 2,102,688	2,144,613

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

(English Translation of Consolidated Financial Statements Originally Issued in Chinese)

TEX-RAY INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Otherwise Specified)

(1) Company history

TEX-RAY INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD. (the “Company”) was established with the approval of the Ministry of Economic Affairs in August 1978, and was listed in Taiwan Stock Exchange in 1998. The registered address is 2F., No. 426, Linsen N. Rd., Jhongshan Dist., Taipei City. The Company was originally a modern yarn dyeing factory, and then expanded to spinning business, plain weaving business, and garment business, etc.. In order to enhance competency in international business, the Group established multiple production and sales supply chains overseas in Mexico, Eswatini, Vietnam, and Mainland China, and deployed the marketing department in US and Mexico market. The Company further divided its departments or established new subsidiaries for specialization purpose in particular technologies and markets in order to enhance the overall economic efficiency.

The main business of the Company and its subsidiaries (the “Group”) is in weaving, manufacturing and processing, dyeing and spinning, and trading of cotton and any kind of fibers and textiles, and yarn trading business, garment processing and trading business, ultrasonic cleaning and supercritical cleaning business and extraction businesses.

(2) Approval date and procedures of the consolidated financial statements:

The consolidated financial statements were authorized for issue by the Board of Directors on March 27, 2024.

(3) New standards, amendments and interpretations adopted:

- (a) The impact of the International Financial Reporting Standards (“IFRSs”) endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission, R.O.C. which have already been adopted.

The Group has initially adopted the following new amendments, which do not have a significant impact on its consolidated financial statements, from January 1, 2023:

- Amendments to IAS 1 “Disclosure of Accounting Policies”
- Amendments to IAS 8 “Definition of Accounting Estimates”
- Amendments to IAS 12 “Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction”

The Group has initially adopted the new amendment, which do not have a significant impact on its consolidated financial statements, from May 23, 2023:

- Amendments to IAS 12 “International Tax Reform—Pillar Two Model Rules”

(Continued)

TEX-RAY INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(b) The impact of IFRS issued by the FSC but not yet effective

The Group assesses that the adoption of the following new amendments, effective for annual period beginning on January 1, 2024, would not have a significant impact on its consolidated financial statements:

- Amendments to IAS 1 “Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current”
- Amendments to IAS 1 “Non-current Liabilities with Covenants”
- Amendments to IAS 7 and IFRS 7 “Supplier Finance Arrangements”
- Amendments to IFRS 16 “Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback”

(c) The impact of IFRS issued by IASB but not yet endorsed by the FSC

The Group does not expect the following new and amended standards, which have yet to be endorsed by the FSC, to have a significant impact on its consolidated financial statements:

- Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28 “Sale or Contribution of Assets Between an Investor and Its Associate or Joint Venture”
- IFRS 17 “Insurance Contracts” and amendments to IFRS 17 “Insurance Contracts”
- Amendments to IFRS 17 “Initial Application of IFRS 17 and IFRS 9 – Comparative Information”
- Amendments to IAS21 “Lack of Exchangeability”

(4) Summary of material accounting policies:

The significant accounting policies presented in the consolidated financial statements are summarized below. The following accounting policies were applied consistently throughout the periods presented in the consolidated financial statements.

(a) Statement of compliance

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers (hereinafter referred to as “the Regulations”) and the International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC Interpretations, and SIC Interpretations endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission, R.O.C..

(b) Basis of preparation

(i) Basis of measurement

Except for the following significant accounts, the consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis:

- 1) Financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value;
- 2) Fair value through other comprehensive income are measured at fair value;

(Continued)

TEX-RAY INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

- 3) Investment property is measured at fair value; and
- 4) The defined benefit liabilities (assets) is recognized as the fair value of the plan assets less the present value of defined benefit obligation and the upper limit impact mentioned in Note 4(p).

(ii) Functional and presentation currency

The functional currency of each Group entities is determined based on the primary economic environment in which the entities operate. The Group's consolidated financial statements are presented in New Taiwan Dollar, which is the Company's functional currency. All the financial information presented in New Taiwan Dollar has been rounded to the nearest thousands.

(c) Basis of consolidation

(i) Principles for preparing consolidated financial statements

The consolidated financial statements comprise the Company and subsidiaries. Subsidiaries are entities controlled by the Group. The Group 'controls' an entity when it is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity.

The financial statements of subsidiaries are included in the consolidated financial statements from the date on which control commences until the date on which control ceases. Intragroup balances and transactions, and any unrealized income and expenses arising from Intragroup transactions are eliminated in preparing the consolidated financial statements. The Group attributes the profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income to the owners of the parent and to the non-controlling interests, even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

Financial statements of subsidiaries are adequately adjusted to align their accounting policies with those of the Group.

The Group prepares consolidated financial statements using uniform accounting policies for like transactions and other events in similar circumstances. Changes in the Group's ownership interest in a subsidiary that do not result in a loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received will be recognized directly in equity, and the Group will attribute it to the owners of the parent.

(ii) List of subsidiaries in the consolidated financial statements:

Name of investor	Name of subsidiary	Principal activity	<u>Shareholding percentage</u>		Note
			December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022	
The Company	TEX-RAY INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD. (BELIZE) (TEX-RAY(BELIZE))	Oversea investment holding (China)	100.00 %	100.00 %	The subsidiary that the Company holds more than 50% shares

(Continued)

TEX-RAY INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

Name of investor	Name of subsidiary	Principal activity	Shareholding percentage		Note
			December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022	
The Company	TEX-RAY (BN) INTERNATIONAL CO., LTD. (TEX-RAY(BN))	Oversea investment holding (Vietnam and Cambodia)	100.00 %	100.00 %	The subsidiary that the Company holds more than 50% shares. (Note 1)
The Company	FLYNN INTERNATIONAL LTD. (FLYNN(SAMOA))	Oversea investment holding (USA)	- %	100.00 %	The subsidiary that the Company holds more than 50% shares. (Note 1)
The Company	KING'S METAL FIBER TECHNOLOGIES CO., LTD. (KMT)	Non-woven fabrics, copper secondary processing and fabric retailing, etc.	59.22 %	59.22 %	The subsidiary that the Company holds more than 50% shares.
The Company	GREAT CPT INTERNATIONAL CO., LTD. (GREAT CPT)	Oversea investment holding (Eswatini)	100.00 %	100.00 %	The subsidiary that the Company holds more than 50% shares.
The Company	TEX-RAY (SA) (PTY) Ltd.(TEX-RAY (SA))	Marketing and trading	100.00 %	100.00 %	The subsidiary that the Company holds more than 50% shares.
The Company	TEX-RAY INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD. (CAYMAN) (TEX-RAY(CAYMAN))	Oversea investment holding	100.00 %	100.00 %	The subsidiary that the Company holds more than 50% shares.
The Company	ZHENG-RAY Industrial CO.,LTD. (ZHENG-RAY)	Trading and manufacturing of weaving and garments	100.00 %	100.00 %	The subsidiary that the Company holds more than 50% shares.
The Company	WEI LI TEXTILE CO., LTD. (WEI LI TEXTILE)	Wholesale of clothing and fabrics	53.60 %	68.60 %	The subsidiary that the Company holds more than 50% shares.
The Company	AIQ SMART CLOTHING INC. (AIQ)	Wholesale of textile	70.44 %	70.44 %	The subsidiary that the Company holds more than 50% shares.
The Company	TRLA GROUP, INC(TRLA GROUP)	Marketing and trading	100.00 %	100.00 %	The subsidiary that the Company holds more than 50% shares. (Note 2)
The Company	Z-PLY CORPORATION (Z-PLY(NY))	Marketing and trading	100.00 %	100.00 %	The subsidiary that the Company holds more than 50% shares. (Note 2)
The Company	FABRICFOUNDRY TEXTILE (PTY) LTD. (FABRICFOUNDRY)	Marketing and trading	100.00 %	- %	The subsidiary that the Company holds more than 50% shares. (Note 3)
TEX-RAY (SA)	KASUMI APPARELS SWAZILAND PTY LTD. (KASUMI (SWAZILAND))	Garment processing	100.00 %	100.00 %	The subsidiary that TEX RAY (SA) holds more than 50% shares.
TEX-RAY (SA)	TQM TEXTILE SWAZILAND (PTY) LTD. (T.Q.M.(SWAZILAND))	Weaving and dyeing	100.00 %	100.00 %	The subsidiary that TEX RAY (SA) holds more than 50% shares.

(Continued)

TEX-RAY INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

Name of investor	Name of subsidiary	Principal activity	Shareholding percentage		Note
			December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022	
TEX-RAY (SA)	UNION INDUSTRIAL WASHING PTY LTD. (U.I.W.(SWAZILAND))	Garment processing	100.00 %	100.00 %	The subsidiary that TEX RAY (SA) holds more than 50% shares.
TEX-RAY (SA)	J.M. Rotary Print Industrial Co., Ltd. (J.M. (SWAZILAND))	Printing	100.00 %	100.00 %	The subsidiary that TEX RAY (SA) holds more than 50% shares.
TEX-RAY (SA)	GOLDEN JUBILEE APPAREL (PTY) LTD.(GOLDEN (SWAZILAND))	Garment processing	100.00 %	100.00 %	The subsidiary that TEX RAY (SA) holds more than 50% shares.
TEX-RAY (SA)	TEX RAY HOLDINGS (PTY) LTD. (TEX RAY (HOLDINGS))	Marketing and trading	100.00 %	- %	The subsidiary that TEX RAY (SA) holds more than 50% shares. (Note 4)
TEX-RAY (BELIZE)	TEX-RAY (SHANGHAI) INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD. (TEX-RAY (SHANGHAI))	Warehousing and trading business of textile	100.00 %	100.00 %	The subsidiary that TEX RAY (BELIZE) holds more than 50% shares.
GREAT CPT	TEXRAY SWAZILAND PTY LTD.(TEXRAY (SWAZILAND))	Garment processing	100.00 %	100.00 %	The subsidiary that GREAT CPT holds more than 50% shares.
ZHENG-RAY	HUAI WEI BIOTECHNOLOGY CO., LTD (HUAI WEI)	Biotechnology Service	60.00 %	60.00 %	The subsidiary that ZHENG-RAY holds more than 50% shares
ZHENG-RAY	Taiwan Supercritical Technology CO.,LTD.(TST)	Ultrasonic cleaning and supercritical cleaning, extraction, etc.	75.63 %	75.63 %	The subsidiary that ZHENG-RAY holds more than 50% share
TEX-RAY (BN)	GOOD TIME(VIETNAM) ENTERPRISE CO.,LTD. (GOOD TIME)	Garment processing	100.00 %	100.00 %	The subsidiary that TEX RAY (BN) holds more than 50% shares.
TEX-RAY (BN)	MSWATI HOLDINGS LTD. (MSWATI)	Oversea investment holding	100.00 %	100.00 %	The subsidiary that TEX RAY (BN) holds more than 50% shares.
TEX-RAY (BN)	TEXRAY (VN) CO., LTD.(TEXRAY(VN))	Garment processing	100.00 %	100.00 %	The subsidiary that TEX RAY (BN) holds more than 50% shares.
TEX-RAY (BN)	T.R.C.A GARMENT CO., LTD. (TRCA GARMENT)	Garment processing	100.00 %	100.00 %	The subsidiary that TEX RAY (BN) holds more than 50% shares.
TEX-RAY (CAYMAN)	TEXRAY MEXICO S.A. DE C.V.(TEXRAY (MEXICO))	Dyeing	100.00 %	100.00 %	The subsidiary that TEX RAY (CAYMAN) holds more than 50% shares.
TEX-RAY (CAYMAN)	AMRAY S.A. DE C.V. (AMRAY (MEXICO))	Garment processing	19.00 %	100.00 %	(Note 5)
KMT	KING'S METAL FIBER TECHNOLOGIES B.V. (KMBV)	Marketing and tradeing	100.00 %	100.00 %	The subsidiary that KMT holds more than 50% shares.

(Continued)

TEX-RAY INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

Name of investor	Name of subsidiary	Principal activity	Shareholding percentage		Note
			December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022	
TEX-RAY (SHANGHAI)	TEX-RAY INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD. (YANCHENG) (TEX-RAY (YANCHENG))	Manufacturing and sales of textiles, clothing, shoes and hats	100.00 %	100.00 %	The subsidiary that TEX-RAY (SHANGHAI) holds more than 50% shares.
TEX RAY (SHANGHAI)	TEXRAY(KUNSHAN) INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD. (TEXRAY(KUNSHAN))	Development of composite fabrics	100.00 %	100.00 %	The subsidiary that TEX-RAY (SHANGHAI) holds more than 50% shares.
AIQ	AIQ SYNERTIAL LTD. (AIQ-S)	Development of smart clothing technology	50.00 %	50.00 %	The subsidiary that AIQ holds more than 50% shares.
AIQ	KING'S METAL FIBER (SHANGHAI) (KM (SHANGHAI))	Wholesale of glass products and textiles	100.00 %	100.00 %	The subsidiary that AIQ holds more than 50% shares.
AIQ	Taiwan Innovation Technology Co., Limited (HK) (Taiwan Innovation (HK))	Marketing and trading of machine	- %	100.00 %	The subsidiary that AIQ holds more than 50% shares. (Note 6)
KM (SHANGHAI)	AIQ SMART CLOTHING (Zhejiang) CO., LTD. (AIQ (Zhejiang))	System development, production and sales of smart devices	100.00 %	100.00 %	The subsidiary that KM (SHANGHAI) holds more than 50% shares.
MSWATI	TRYD APPAREL CO.,LTD.(TRYD APPAREL)	Knitted garment processing	100.00 %	100.00 %	The subsidiary that MSWATI holds more than 50% shares.
MSWATI	JIANGSU TRYD TEXTILE TECHNOLOGY CO.,LTD. (TRYD TEXTILE)	Spinning, weaving, high-end fabrics, bleaching and dyeing, printing and garment production	100.00 %	100.00 %	The subsidiary that MSWATI holds more than 50% shares.
TRYD TEXTILE	Yancheng Wei Da Textile Testing Service Co.,Ltd. (Wei Da Testing)	Testing service and environmental evaluation	100.00 %	100.00 %	The subsidiary that TRYD TEXTILE holds more than 50% shares.

Note 1: On December 21, 2023, TEX-RAY (BN) merged with FLYNN (SAMOA), and TEX-RAY (BN) was the surviving entity.

Note 2: Due to its organizational restructuring, the Company acquired 100% of equity interests in TRLA GROUP and Z-PLY (NY) from its subsidiary FLYNN (SAMOA) by cash on December 27, 2022.

Note 3: On November 1, 2023, the Company established a wholly-owned subsidiary, FABRICFOUNDRY TEXTILE (PTY) LTD.

Note 4: On January 27, 2023, TEX-RAY (SA) established a wholly-owned subsidiary, TEX-RAY HOLDINGS (PTY) LTD.

Note 5: On July 1, 2023, the Company disposed of 81% equity in AMRAY (MEYICO), which was no longer a subsidiary from that date.

(Continued)

TEX-RAY INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

Note 6: On December 1, 2023, AIQ disposed of 100% equity in TAIWAN Taiwan Innovation (HK), which was no longer its subsidiary from that date.

(d) Foreign currencies

(i) currencies transaction

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into the respective functional currencies of Group entities at the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions. At the end of each subsequent reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are translated into the functional currencies using the exchange rate at that date. Non-monetary items denominated in foreign currencies that are measured at fair value are translated into the functional currencies using the exchange rate at the date that the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items denominated in foreign currencies that are measured based on historical cost are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction.

Exchange differences are generally recognized in profit or loss, except for equity securities designated as at fair value through other comprehensive income; which are recognized in other comprehensive income.

(ii) Foreign operation

The assets and liabilities of foreign operations, including goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on acquisition, are translated into the presentation currency at the exchange rates at the reporting date. The income and expenses of foreign operations are translated into the presentation currency at the average exchange rate. Exchange differences are recognized in other comprehensive income.

When a foreign operation is disposed of such that control, significant influence, or joint control is lost, the cumulative amount in the translation reserve related to that foreign operation is reclassified to profit or loss as part of the gain or loss on disposal. When the Group disposes of only part of its interest in a subsidiary that includes a foreign operation while retaining control, the relevant proportion of the cumulative amount is reattributed to non-controlling interests. When the Group disposes of only part of its investment in an associate or joint venture that includes a foreign operation while retaining significant influence or joint control, the relevant proportion of the cumulative amount is reclassified to profit or loss.

When the settlement of a monetary receivable from or payable to a foreign operation is neither planned nor likely to occur in the foreseeable future, foreign exchange gains and losses arising from such a monetary item that are considered to form part of the net investment in the foreign operation are recognized in other comprehensive income.

(e) Classification of current and non-current assets and liabilities

An asset is classified as current when

- (i) The Group expects to realize the asset, or intends to sell or consume it, in its normal operating cycle;
- (ii) The Group holds the asset primarily for the purpose of trading;

(Continued)

TEX-RAY INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

- (iii) The Group expects to realize the asset within twelve months after the reporting period;
- (iv) The asset is cash or cash equivalent unless the asset is restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

A liability is classified as current when

- (i) The Group expects to settle the liability in its normal operating cycle;
- (ii) The Group holds the liability primarily for the purpose of trading;
- (iii) The liability is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period;
- (iv) The Group does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period. Terms of a liability that could, at the option of the counterparty, result in its settlement by the issue of equity instruments do not affect its classification.

(f) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash comprises cash on hand and demand deposits. Cash equivalents are short term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. Time deposits which meet the above definition and are held for the purpose of meeting short term cash commitments rather than for investment or other purposes should be recognized as cash equivalents.

Bank overdrafts that are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Group's cash management are included as a component of cash and cash equivalents for the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows.

(g) Financial instruments

Trade receivables and debt securities issued are initially recognized when they are originated. All other financial assets and financial liabilities are initially recognized when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. A financial asset (unless it is a trade receivable without a significant financing component) or financial liability is initially measured at fair value plus, for an item not at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL), transaction costs that are directly attributable to its acquisition or issue. A trade receivable without a significant financing component is initially measured at the transaction price.

(i) Financial assets

All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognized and derecognized on a trade date basis.

On initial recognition, a financial asset is classified as measured at: amortized cost; Fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI)— equity investment; or FVTPL.

(Continued)

TEX-RAY INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

Financial assets are not reclassified subsequent to their initial recognition unless the Group changes its business model for managing financial assets, in which case all affected financial assets are reclassified on the first day of the first reporting period following the change in the business model.

1) Financial assets measured at amortized cost

A financial asset is measured at amortized cost if it meets both of the following conditions and is not designated as at FVTPL:

- it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows; and
- its contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

These assets are subsequently measured at amortized cost, which is the amount at which the financial asset is measured at initial recognition, plus/minus, the cumulative amortization using the effective interest method, adjusted for any loss allowance. Interest income, foreign exchange gains and losses, as well as impairment, are recognized in profit or loss. Any gain or loss on derecognition is recognized in profit or loss.

2) Fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI)

On initial recognition of an equity investment that is not held for trading, the Group may irrevocably elect to present subsequent changes in the investment's fair value in other comprehensive income. This election is made on an instrument-by-instrument basis.

Debt investments at FVOCI are subsequently measured at fair value. Interest income calculated using the effective interest method, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment are recognized in profit or loss. Other net gains and losses are recognized in other comprehensive income. On derecognition, gains and losses accumulated in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss.

Equity investments at FVOCI are subsequently measured at fair value. Dividends are recognized as income in profit or loss unless the dividend clearly represents a recovery of part of the cost of the investment. Other net gains and losses are recognized in other comprehensive income and are never reclassified to profit or loss.

Dividend income is recognized in profit or loss on the date on which the Group's right to receive payment is established.

3) Business model assessment

The Group makes an assessment of the objective of the business model in which a financial asset is held at portfolio level because this best reflects the way the business is managed and information is provided to management. The information considered includes:

(Continued)

TEX-RAY INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

- the stated policies and objectives for the portfolio and the operation of those policies in practice. These include whether management's strategy focuses on earning contractual interest income, maintaining a particular interest rate profile, matching the duration of the financial assets to the duration of any related liabilities or expected cash outflows or realizing cash flows through the sale of the assets;
- how the performance of the portfolio is evaluated and reported to the Group's management;
- the risks that affect the performance of the business model (and the financial assets held within that business model) and how those risks are managed;
- how managers of the business are compensated — e.g. whether compensation is based on the fair value of the assets managed or the contractual cash flows collected; and
- the frequency, volume and timing of sales of financial assets in prior periods, the reasons for such sales and expectations about future sales activity.

Transfers of financial assets to third parties in transactions that do not qualify for derecognition are not considered sales for this purpose, and are consistent with the Group's continuing recognition of the assets.

Financial assets that are held for trading or are managed and whose performance is evaluated on a fair value basis are measured at FVTPL.

4) Impairment of financial assets

The Group recognizes loss allowances for expected credit losses (ECL) on financial assets measured at amortized cost (including cash and cash equivalents, amortized costs, notes and trade receivables, other receivables, guarantee deposit and other financial assets) and contract assets.

Loss allowance for trade receivables and contract assets are always measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECL.

Lifetime ECLs are the ECLs that result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument.

When determining whether the credit risk of a financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition and when estimating ECL, the Group considers reasonable and supportable information that is relevant and available without undue cost or effort. This includes both quantitative and qualitative information and analysis based on the Group's historical experience and informed credit assessment as well as forward-looking information.

Since the performance object of the Group's cash deposits are investment grade financial institutions, the Group's credit risk are considered low.

The maximum period considered when estimating ECLs is the maximum contractual period over which the Group is exposed to credit risk.

(Continued)

TEX-RAY INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

ECLs are a probability-weighted estimate of credit losses. Credit losses are measured as the present value of all cash shortfalls (i.e the difference between the cash flows due to the Group in accordance with the contract and the cash flows that the Group expects to receive). ECLs are discounted at the effective interest rate of the financial asset.

Loss allowances for financial assets measured at amortized cost are deducted from the gross carrying amount of the assets.

The gross carrying amount of a financial asset is written off when the Group has no reasonable expectations of recovering a financial asset in its entirety or a portion thereof. For corporate customers, the Group individually makes an assessment with respect to the timing and amount of write-off based on whether there is a reasonable expectation of recovery. The Group expects no significant recovery from the amount written off. However, financial assets that are written off could still be subject to enforcement activities in order to comply with the Group's procedures for recovery of amounts due.

5) Derecognition of financial assets

The Group derecognizes a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, or it transfers the rights to receive the contractual cash flows in a transaction in which substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred or in which the Group neither transfers nor retains substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership and it does not retain control of the financial asset.

The Group enters into transactions whereby it transfers assets recognized in its statement of balance sheet, but retains either all or substantially all of the risks and rewards of the transferred assets. In these cases, the transferred assets are not derecognized.

(ii) Financial liabilities and equity instruments

1) Classification of debt or equity

Debt and equity instruments issued by the Group are classified as financial liabilities or equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

2) Equity instrument

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued are recognized as the amount of consideration received, less the direct cost of issuing.

3) Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are classified as measured at amortized cost or FVTPL. A financial liability is classified as at FVTPL if it is classified as held-for-trading, it is a derivative or it is designated as such on initial recognition. Financial liabilities at FVTPL are measured at fair value and net gains and losses, including any interest expense, are recognized in profit or loss.

(Continued)

TEX-RAY INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

Other financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. Interest expense and foreign exchange gains and losses are recognized in profit or loss. Any gain or loss on derecognition is also recognized in profit or loss.

4) Derecognition of financial liabilities

The Group derecognizes a financial liability when its contractual obligations are discharged or cancelled, or expire. The Group also derecognizes a financial liability when its terms are modified and the cash flows of the modified liability are substantially different, in which case a new financial liability based on the modified terms is recognized at fair value.

On derecognition of a financial liability, the difference between the carrying amount of a financial liability extinguished and the consideration paid (including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed) is recognized in profit or loss.

5) Offsetting of financial assets and liabilities

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount presented in the statement of balance sheet when, and only when, the Group currently has a legally enforceable right to set off the amounts and it intends either to settle them on a net basis or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

(h) Inventories

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost and net realizable value. The cost of inventories is calculated using weighted average method, and includes expenditure incurred in acquiring the inventories, production or conversion costs, and other costs incurred in bringing them to their existing location and condition. In case of manufactured inventories and work in process, cost includes an appropriate share of production overheads based on normal operating capacity.

Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated costs of completion and selling expenses.

(i) Investment in associates

Associates are those entities in which the Group has significant influence, but no control, over the financial and operating policies.

Investments in associates are accounted for using the equity method and are recognized initially at cost. The cost of the investment includes transaction costs. The carrying amount of the investment in associates includes goodwill arising from the acquisition, minus any accumulated impairment losses.

The consolidated financial statements include the Group's share of the profit or loss and other comprehensive income of those associates, after adjustments to align the accounting policies with those of the Group, from the date on which significant influence commences until the date on which significant influence ceases. The Group recognizes any changes of its proportionate share in the investee within capital surplus, when an associate's equity changes due to reasons other than profit and loss or comprehensive income, which did not result in changes in actual proportionate share.

(Continued)

TEX-RAY INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

Gains and losses resulting from the transactions between the Group and an associate are recognized only to the extent of unrelated Group's interests in the associate.

When the Group's share of losses of an associate equals or exceeds its interest in associates, it discontinues recognizing its share of further losses. After the recognized interest is reduced to zero, additional losses are provided for, and a liability is recognized, only to the extent that the Group has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate.

The Group discontinues the use of the equity method and measures the retained interest at fair value from the date when its investment ceases to be an associate. The difference between the fair value of retained interest and proceeds from disposing, and the carrying amount of the investment at the date the equity method was discontinued is recognized in profit or loss. The Group accounts for all the amounts previously recognized in other comprehensive income in relation to that investment on the same basis as would have been required if the associates had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities. If a gain or loss previously recognized in other comprehensive income would be reclassified to profit or loss (or retained earnings) on the disposal of the related assets or liabilities, the Group reclassifies the gain or loss from equity to profit or loss (as a reclassification adjustment) (or retained earnings) when the equity method is discontinued. If the Group's ownership interest in an associate is reduced while it continues to apply the equity method, the Group reclassifies the proportion of the gain or loss that had previously been recognized in other comprehensive income relating to that reduction in ownership interest to profit or loss.

If an investment in an associate becomes an investment in a joint venture or an investment in a joint venture becomes an investment in an associate, the Group continues to apply the equity method without remeasuring the retained interest.

When the Group subscribes to additional shares in an associate at a percentage different from its existing ownership percentage, the resulting carrying amount of the investment will differ from the amount of the Group's proportionate interest in the net assets of the associate. The Group records such a difference as an adjustment to investments, with the corresponding amount charged or credited to capital surplus. The aforesaid adjustment should first be adjusted under capital surplus. If the capital surplus resulting from changes in ownership interest is not sufficient, the remaining difference is debited to retained earnings. If the Group's ownership interest is reduced due to the additional subscription to the shares of the associate by other investors, the proportionate amount of the gains or losses previously recognized in other comprehensive income in relation to that associate will be reclassified to profit or loss on the same basis as would be required if the associate had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities.

(j) Investment property

Investment property is property held either to earn rental income or for capital appreciation or for both, but not for sale in the ordinary course of business, use in the production or supply of goods or services or for administrative purposes. Investment property is initially measured at cost and subsequently at fair value with any change therein recognized in profit or loss.

Any gain or loss on disposal of investment property (calculated as the difference between the net proceeds from disposal and the carrying amount of the item) is recognized in profit or loss. When investment property that was previously classified as property, plant and equipment is sold, any related amount included in 'other equity - revaluation surplus' is transferred to retained earnings.

(Continued)

TEX-RAY INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

Rental income from investment property is recognized as other revenue on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

(k) Property, plant and equipment

(i) Recognition and measurement

Items of property, plant and equipment are measured at cost, which includes capitalized borrowing costs, less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses.

The cost includes any expenditure of acquiring assets. Self-built asset cost includes materials, direct labor, any other expenditure to make the asset usable, removal and recovery cost, and the loan cost meeting the criteria of capitalization. Besides, the cost also includes the software purchased to integrate related functions, which is capitalized as a part of the equipment.

If significant parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of property, plant and equipment.

(ii) Subsequent expenditure

Subsequent expenditure is capitalized only if it is probable that the future economic benefits associated with the expenditure will flow to the Group.

(iii) Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated on the cost of an asset less its residual value and is recognized in profit or loss on a straightline basis over the estimated useful lives of each component of an item of property, plant and equipment.

Land is not depreciated.

The estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment for current and comparative periods are as follows:

1)	Buildings	3~55 years
2)	Machinery equipment	1~15 years
3)	Transportation equipment	3~5 years
4)	Office and Other equipment	1~20 years

Depreciation methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted if appropriate.

(iv) Reclassification to investment property

A property is reclassified to investment property at its carrying amount when the use of the property changes from owneroccupied to investment property.

(Continued)

TEX-RAY INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(l) Leases

At inception of a contract, the Group assesses whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

(i) As a lease

The Group recognizes a right-of-use asset and a lease liability at the lease commencement date. The right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, plus any initial direct costs incurred and an estimate of costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which it is located, less any lease incentives received.

The right-of-use asset is subsequently depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement date to the earlier of the end of the useful life of the right-of-use asset or the end of the lease term. In addition, the right-of-use asset is periodically reduced by impairment losses, if any, and adjusted for certain remeasurements of the lease liability.

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be reliably determined, the Group's incremental borrowing rate. Generally, the Group uses its incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate.

Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability comprise the following:

- fixed payments, including in-substance fixed payment;
- variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or rate as at the commencement date;
- amounts expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee; and
- payments for purchase or termination options that are reasonably certain to be exercised.

The lease liability is measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. It is remeasured when:

- there is a change in future lease payments arising from the change in an index or rate; or
- there is a change in the Group's estimate of the amount expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee; or
- there is a change of its assessment on whether it will exercise a purchase, extension or termination option; or
- there is any lease modifications

When the lease liability is remeasured, other than lease modifications, a corresponding adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset, or in profit and loss if the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset has been reduced to zero.

(Continued)

TEX-RAY INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

When the lease liability is remeasured to reflect the partial or full termination of the lease for lease modifications that decrease the scope of the lease, the Group accounts for the remeasurement of the lease liability by decreasing the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset to reflect the partial or full termination of the lease, and recognize in profit or loss any gain or loss relating to the partial or full termination of the lease.

The Group presents right-of-use assets that do not meet the definition of investment and lease liabilities as a separate line item respectively in the statement of financial position.

The Group has elected not to recognize right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for short-term leases of machinery and that have a lease term of 12 months or less and leases of low-value assets, office equipment. The Group recognizes the lease payments associated with these leases as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

As a practical expedient, the Group elects not to assess whether all rent concessions that meets all the following conditions are lease modifications or not:

- the rent concessions occurring as a direct consequence of the COVID-19 pandemic;
- the change in lease payments that resulted in revised consideration for the lease that is substantially the same as, or less than, the consideration for the lease immediately preceding the change;
- any reduction in lease payments that affects only those payments originally due on, or before, June 30, 2022; and
- there is no substantive change in other terms and conditions of the lease.

In accordance with the practical expedient, the effect of the change in the lease liability is reflected in profit or loss in the period in which the event or condition that triggers the rent concession occurs.

(ii) As a lessor

When the Group acts as a lessor, it determines at lease commencement whether each lease is a finance lease or an operating lease. To classify each lease, the Group makes an overall assessment of whether the lease transfers to the lessee substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership incidental to ownership of the underlying asset. If this is the case, then the lease is a finance lease; if not, then the lease is an operating lease. As part of this assessment, the Group considers certain indicators such as whether the lease is for the major part of the economic life of the asset.

If an arrangement contains lease and non-lease components, the Group applies IFRS15 to allocate the consideration in the contract.

(Continued)

TEX-RAY INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(m) Intangible assets

(i) Recognition and measurement

Goodwill arising on the acquisition of subsidiaries is measured at cost, less accumulated impairment losses.

Expenditure on research activities is recognized in profit or loss as incurred.

Development expenditure is capitalized only if the expenditure can be measured reliably, the product or process is technically and commercially feasible, future economic benefits are probable and the Group intends to, and has sufficient resources to, complete development and to use or sell the asset. Otherwise, it is recognized in profit or loss as incurred. Subsequent to initial recognition, development expenditure is measured at cost, less accumulated amortization and any accumulated impairment losses.

Other intangible assets, including patents and trademarks, that are acquired by the Group and have finite useful lives are measured at cost less accumulated amortization and any accumulated impairment losses.

(ii) Subsequent expenditure

Subsequent expenditure is capitalized only when it increases the future economic benefits embodied in the specific asset to which it relates. All other expenditure, including expenditure on internally generated goodwill and brands, is recognized in profit or loss as incurred.

(iii) Amortization

Amortization is calculated over the cost of the asset, less its residual value, and is recognized in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of intangible assets, other than goodwill, from the date that they are available for use. Additionally intangible assets such as computer software are amortized at estimated useful lives ranging from three to twenty years, and recognized in profit and loss.

Amortization methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted if appropriate.

(n) Impairment of non financial assets

At each reporting date, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its non-financial assets (other than inventories, contract assets, deferred tax assets and investment properties measured at fair value, less costs) to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, then the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. Goodwill is tested annually for impairment.

For impairment testing, assets are grouped together into the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows from continuing use that are largely independent of the cash inflows of other assets or CGUs.

(Continued)

TEX-RAY INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

The recoverable amount of an asset or CGU is the greater of its value in use and its fair value less costs to sell. Value in use is based on the estimated future cash flows, discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset or CGU.

An impairment loss is recognized if the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount.

Impairment losses are recognized in profit or loss. They are allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the CGU, and then to reduce the carrying amounts of the other assets in the CGU on a pro rata basis.

An impairment loss in respect of goodwill is not reversed. For other assets, an impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortization, if no impairment loss had been recognized.

(o) Revenue from contracts with customers

Revenue is measured based on the consideration to which the Group expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring goods or services to a customer. The Group recognizes revenue when it satisfies a performance obligation by transferring control of a good or a service to a customer. The accounting policies for the Group's main types of revenue are explained below.

(i) Sale of goods

The Group engages in manufacturing, processing and wholesaling of textile and garments, and cleansing and extracting equipment. The Group recognizes revenue when control of the products has transferred, being when the products are delivered to the customer, the customer has full discretion over the channel and price to sell the products, and there is no unfulfilled obligation that could affect the customer's acceptance of the products. Delivery occurs when the products have been shipped to the specific location, the risks of obsolescence and loss have been transferred to the customer, and either the customer has accepted the products in accordance with the sales contract, the acceptance provisions have lapsed, or the Group has objective evidence that all criteria for acceptance have been satisfied.

A receivable is recognized when the goods are delivered as this is the point in time that the Group has a right to an amount of consideration that is unconditional.

(ii) Financial components

The Group does not expect to have any contracts where the period between the transfer of the goods or services to the customer and payment by the customer exceeds one year. The Group required advanced receipts when selling machines, which follows the practice of the industry. Thus it is not considered to be financial components. As a consequence, the Group does not adjust any of the transaction prices for the time value of money.

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TEX-RAY INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(p) Employee benefits

(i) Defined contribution plans

Obligations for contributions to defined contribution plans are expensed as the related service is provided.

(ii) Defined benefit plans

The Group's net obligation in respect of defined benefit plans is calculated separately for each the plan by estimating the amount of future benefit that employees have earned in the current and prior periods, discounting that amount and deducting the fair value of any plan assets.

The calculation of defined benefit obligations is performed annually by a qualified actuary using the projected unit credit method. When the calculation results in a potential asset for the Group, the recognized asset is limited to the present value of economic benefits available in the form of any future refunds from the plan or reductions in future contributions to the plan. To calculate the present value of economic benefits, consideration is given to any applicable minimum funding requirements.

Remeasurements of the net defined benefit liability, which comprise actuarial gains and losses, the return on plan assets (excluding interest) and the effect of the asset ceiling (if any, excluding interest), are recognized immediately in other comprehensive income, and accumulated in retained earnings within equity.

The Group determines the net interest expense (income) on the net defined benefit liability (asset) for the period by applying the discount rate used to measure the defined benefit obligation at the beginning of the annual period to the then-net defined benefit liability (asset). Net interest expense and other expenses related to defined benefit plans are recognized in profit or loss.

When the benefits of a plan are changed or when a plan is curtailed, the resulting change in benefit that relates to past service or the gain or loss on curtailment is recognized immediately in profit or loss. The Group recognizes gains and losses on the settlement of a defined benefit plan when the settlement occurs.

(iii) Termination benefits

Termination benefits are expensed at the earlier of when the Group can no longer withdraw the offer of those benefits and when the Group recognizes costs for a restructuring. If benefits are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months of the reporting date, then they are discounted.

(iv) Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits are expensed as the related service is provided. A liability is recognized for the amount expected to be paid if the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation to pay this amount as a result of past service provided by the employee and the obligation can be estimated reliably.

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TEX-RAY INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(q) Income taxes

Income taxes comprise current taxes and deferred taxes. Except for expenses related to business combinations or recognized directly in equity or other comprehensive income, all current and deferred taxes are recognized in profit or loss.

Current taxes comprise the expected tax payables or receivables on the taxable profits (losses) for the year and any adjustment to the tax payable or receivable in respect of previous years. The amount of current tax payables or receivables are the best estimate of the tax amount expected to be paid or received that reflects uncertainty related to income taxes, if any. It is measured using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred taxes arise due to temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and their respective tax bases. Deferred taxes are recognized except for the following:

- (i) temporary differences on the initial recognition of assets and liabilities in a transaction that is not a business combination and at the time of transaction (i) affects neither accounting nor taxable profits (losses) and (ii) does not give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary difference;
- (ii) temporary differences related to investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint arrangements to the extent that the Group is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that they will not reverse in the foreseeable future; and
- (iii) taxable temporary differences arising on the initial recognition of goodwill.

Deferred tax assets are recognized for the carry forward of unused tax losses, unused tax credits, and deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which they can be utilized. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefits will be realized; such reductions are reversed when the probability of future taxable profits improves.

Deferred taxes are measured at tax rates that are expected to be applied to temporary differences when they reverse, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date, and reflect uncertainty related to income taxes, if any.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset if the following criteria are met:

- (i) the Group has a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities; and
- (ii) the deferred tax assets and the deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either:
 - 1) the same taxable entity; or
 - 2) different taxable entities which intend to settle current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis, or to realize the assets and liabilities simultaneously, in each future period in which significant amounts of deferred tax liabilities or assets are expected to be settled or recovered.

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TEX-RAY INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(r) Earnings per share

The Group discloses the Company's basic and diluted earnings per share attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company. Basic earnings per share is calculated as the profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company divided by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding. Diluted earnings per share is calculated as the profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company divided by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding after adjustment for the effects of all potentially dilutive ordinary shares, such as convertible bonds and employee compensation.

(s) Operating segments

An operating segment is a component of the Group that engages in business activities from which it may incur revenues and incur expenses (including revenues and expenses relating to transactions with other components of the Group). Operating results of the operating segment are regularly reviewed by the Group's chief operating decision maker to make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment and assess its performance. Each operating segment consists of standalone financial information.

(5) Significant accounting assumptions and judgments, and major sources of estimation uncertainty:

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements in conformity with the Regulations and the IFRSs endorsed by the FSC requires management to make judgments, estimates, and assumptions that affect the application of the accounting policies and the reported amount of assets, liabilities, income, and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The management continues to monitor the accounting estimates and assumptions. The management recognizes any changes in accounting estimates during the period and the impact of those changes in accounting estimates in the following period.

There is no judgments made in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effects on the amounts recognized in the consolidated financial statements.

Information about assumptions and estimation uncertainties that have a significant risk of resulting in a material adjustment within the next financial year is as follows:

(a) The loss allowance of trade receivables

The Group has estimated the loss allowance of trade receivables that is based on the risk of a default occurring and the rate of expected credit loss. The Group has considered historical experience, current economic conditions and forward-looking information at the reporting date to determine the assumptions to be used in calculating the impairments and the selected inputs. The relevant assumptions and input values, please refer to note 6(c).

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TEX-RAY INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(b) Valuation of inventories

As inventories are stated at the lower of cost or net realizable value, the Group estimates the net realizable value of inventories for obsolescence and unmarketable items at the end of the reporting period and then writes down the cost of inventories to net realizable value. The net realizable value of the inventory is mainly determined based on assumptions as to future demand within a specific time horizon. Due to the rapid industrial transformation, there may be significant changes in the net realizable value of inventories. Please refer to Note 6(e) for further description of the valuation of inventories.

(c) Impairment of property, plant and equipment

In the process of evaluating the potential impairment of tangible , the Group is required to make subjective judgments in determining the independent cash flows, useful lives, expected future income and expenses related to the specific asset groups considering of the nature of the industry. Any changes in these estimates based on changed economic conditions or business strategies and could result in significant impairment charges or reversal in future years. The cash-generating units for the Group's assessment of asset impairment include property, plant and equipment and intangible assets - goodwill. Refer to note 6(j) for further description of the key assumptions used to determine the recoverable amount.

(d) Impairment of goodwill

The assessment of impairment of goodwill requires the Group to make subjective judgments to identify cash-generating units (CGUs), allocate the goodwill to relevant CGUs, and estimate the recoverable amount of relevant CGUs. Refer to Note 6(j) for further description of the impairment of goodwill.

The Group's accounting policies include measuring financial and non-financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss. The Group's financial instrument valuation group conducts independent verification on fair value by using data sources that are independent, reliable, and representative of exercise prices. This financial instrument valuation group also periodically adjusts valuation models, conducts back-testing, renews input data for valuation models, and makes all other necessary fair value adjustments to assure the rationality of fair value. Investment property measured at fair value is periodically remeasured by the Group's finance Dept. or by appraisers using appraisal method accepted by FSC.

The Group strives to use market observable inputs when measuring assets and liabilities. Different levels of the fair value hierarchy to be used in determining the fair value of financial instruments are as follows:

- (a) Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identifiable assets or liabilities.
- (b) Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (ie as prices) or indirectly (ie derived from prices).
- (c) Level 3: inputs for the assets or liability that are not based on observable market data.

For any transfer within the fair value hierarchy, the impact of the transfer is recognized on the reporting date.

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TEX-RAY INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
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Please refer to notes listed as below for assumptions used in measuring fair value.

- (a) Note 6(h), Investment property
- (b) Note 6(w), Financial instruments

(6) Explanation of significant accounts:

- (a) Cash and cash equivalents

	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
Cash	\$ 6,275	11,373
Check deposits	3,815	11,786
Demand deposits	660,128	900,247
Foreign currency deposits	301,521	206,750
Time deposits	<u>1,130,949</u>	<u>1,014,457</u>
Cash and cash equivalents in consolidated statement of cash flows	<u><u>\$ 2,102,688</u></u>	<u><u>2,144,613</u></u>

Please refer Note 6(w) for the disclosure of the Group's financial assets and liabilities interest risk and sensitivity analysis.

- (b) Financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
Equity investments at fair value through other comprehensive income:		
Unlisted Common Share	<u><u>\$ 47,016</u></u>	<u><u>24,512</u></u>

- (i) The Group designated the investments shown above as equity securities at fair value through other comprehensive income because these equity securities represent those investments that the Group intends to hold for long-term strategic purposes. The revaluation loss of the investment has been recognized in equity accounts.
- (ii) During 2023, no strategic investment was disposed of by the Group, and there was no transfer of any cumulative gains or losses within equity during the period then ended. On June 2022, the Group sold part of its financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income. The financial asset sold had a fair value of \$16,380 thousand and the Group realized a gain of \$15,164 thousand, which was recognized as other comprehensive income amounted to \$10,682 thousand, and thereafter, was reclassified to retained earnings.
- (iii) Please refer to Note 6(w) for credit risk and market risk.
- (iv) The aforesaid financial assets were not pledged as collateral.

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TEX-RAY INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(c) Notes and trade receivables

	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
Notes receivables from operating activities	\$ 22,930	33,069
Accounts receivable-measured at amortized cost	760,862	987,903
Less: Allowance for impairment	(90,870)	(267,253)
	<u>\$ 692,922</u>	<u>753,719</u>

- (i) The Group applies the simplified approach to provide for its expected credit losses, i.e. the use of lifetime expected loss provision for all receivables. To measure the expected credit losses, trade receivables have been grouped based on shared credit risk characteristics and the days past due, as well as the incorporated forward looking information. The expected credit losses of the note receivables and trade receivables were as follows:

December 31, 2023			
	Gross carrying amount	Weighted- average loss rate	Loss allowance Provision
Current	\$ 579,083	0%~0.06%	34
Overdue 90 days	107,688	0%~0.1%	7
Overdue 90 to 180 days	1,754	10%~41%	38
Overdue 180 to 360 days	9,033	50%~100%	4,557
360 days past due	86,234	100%	86,234
	<u>\$ 783,792</u>		<u>90,870</u>

December 31, 2022			
	Gross carrying amount	Weighted- average loss rate	Loss allowance Provision
Current	\$ 595,359	0%~12%	1,313
Overdue 90 days	108,059	0%~7%	1,399
Overdue 90 to 180 days	34,378	10%~31%	5,868
Overdue 180 to 360 days	72,990	50%~100%	48,487
360 days past due	210,186	100%	210,186
	<u>\$ 1,020,972</u>		<u>267,253</u>

(Continued)

TEX-RAY INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
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(ii) The movement in the allowance for notes and accounts receivable was as follow:

	For the years ended December 31	
	2023	2022
Balance on January 1	\$ 267,253	185,085
Impairment (reversal gains) losses recognized	(24,505)	70,706
Amounts write-off	(150,759)	(5,834)
Foreign exchange losses	(1,119)	17,296
Balance on December 31	<u><u>\$ 90,870</u></u>	<u><u>267,253</u></u>

(iii) An individual customer of the Group was previously impacted by COVID-19. During 2023, the Group entered into a share option agreement with the customer, so as to exchange the overdue receivables totaling US\$4,867 thousand therefrom for the right to subscribe for the ordinary shares therein. This transaction offset the accounts receivable and the impairment losses previously recognized in the entirety of the receivables.

(d) Other receivables

	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
Other receivables—tax-refund	\$ 47,407	70,437
Proceeds from disposal of subsidiaries	61,410	-
Other	37,224	24,740
Less: Allowance for impairment	<u>(6,301)</u>	<u>(6,301)</u>
	<u><u>\$ 139,740</u></u>	<u><u>88,876</u></u>

Except for the other receivables below, all the other receivables are financial asset with low credit risk; therefore, the allowance for loss was measured at the expected credit loss of 12 months. The movement in the allowance for other receivables was as follow:

	For the years ended December 31	
	2023	2022
Balance on December 31 (Same as balance on January 1)	<u><u>\$ 6,301</u></u>	<u><u>6,301</u></u>

(e) Inventories

	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
Raw materials	\$ 321,856	523,310
Work in progress	439,657	423,908
Finished goods	142,460	289,511
Merchandise	<u>21,717</u>	<u>14,088</u>
	<u><u>\$ 925,690</u></u>	<u><u>1,250,817</u></u>

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TEX-RAY INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
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(i) For the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, raw material, consumables, and changes in the finished goods and work in progress recognized as cost of sales amounted to \$3,732,909 thousand and \$4,820,614, respectively. In 2023 and 2022, The write-downs of inventories amounted to \$52,743 thousand and \$7,723 thousand, respectively. The write-downs were included in cost of sales.

(ii) The aforesaid inventories were not pledged as collateral.

(f) Loss of control over subsidiary

On July 1, 2023, the Group disposed of 81% equity in AMRAY (MEXICO) at a consideration of US\$2,673 thousand and lost control over it. The gains of \$3,810 thousand on disposal were included in the line item of “other gains and losses” in the statement of comprehensive income. In the Group’s judgement, the residual 19% equity in AMRAY (MEXICO) was financial assets at FVOCI and was stated at the fair value of US\$627 thousand on the date of disposal.

On July 1, 2023, the carrying amounts of AMRAY (MEXICO)’s assets and liabilities were as follows:

Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 30,404
Accounts receivable and other receivables	60,851
Inventories	20,037
Prepayments	3,306
Property, plant and equipment	13,444
Accounts payable and other payables	(56,027)
Contract liabilities	(750)
Carrying amount of net assets of former subsidiary	<u><u>\$ 71,265</u></u>

(g) Property, plant and equipment

The cost, depreciation, and impairment of the property, plant and equipment of the Group for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, were as follows:

	<u>Land</u>	<u>Buildings</u>	<u>Machinery equipment</u>	<u>Transportation equipment</u>	<u>Office equipment</u>	<u>Lease assets</u>	<u>Other facilities</u>	<u>Construction in progress</u>	<u>Total</u>
Cost:									
Balance on January 1, 2023	\$ 466,430	1,593,949	1,016,811	39,896	130,558	444	99,201	4,202	3,351,491
Additions	-	3,283	78,476	5,938	2,993	-	24,404	149	115,243
Transfers	-	-	28,443	747	2	-	708	-	29,900
Disposals	-	-	(41,512)	(9,836)	(1,541)	-	(1,425)	-	(54,314)
Disposal of subsidiaries (Note)	(741)	(26,974)	(7,232)	(1,066)	(978)	-	(1,963)	-	(38,954)
Effect of movement in exchange rate	(250)	(22,127)	(30,045)	(1,009)	(1,238)	-	(2,171)	(113)	(56,953)
Balance on December 31, 2023	<u><u>\$ 465,439</u></u>	<u><u>1,548,131</u></u>	<u><u>1,044,941</u></u>	<u><u>34,670</u></u>	<u><u>129,796</u></u>	<u><u>444</u></u>	<u><u>118,754</u></u>	<u><u>4,238</u></u>	<u><u>3,346,413</u></u>

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TEX-RAY INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
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	<u>Land</u>	<u>Buildings</u>	<u>Machinery equipment</u>	<u>Transportation equipment</u>	<u>Office equipment</u>	<u>Lease assets</u>	<u>Other facilities</u>	<u>Construction in progress</u>	<u>Total</u>
Balance on January 1, 2022	\$ 465,458	1,423,705	1,057,796	37,969	126,939	444	93,647	126,436	3,332,394
Additions	-	12,334	21,656	4,665	4,187	-	8,768	18,756	70,366
Transfers	-	135,072	15,687	-	2,437	-	-	(142,111)	11,085
Disposals	-	(10,486)	(111,078)	(4,105)	(6,414)	-	(5,029)	-	(137,112)
Reclassification to Investment property	-	(4,753)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(4,753)
Effect of movement in exchange rate	972	38,077	32,750	1,367	3,409	-	1,815	1,121	79,511
Balance on December 31, 2022	<u>\$ 466,430</u>	<u>1,593,949</u>	<u>1,016,811</u>	<u>39,896</u>	<u>130,558</u>	<u>444</u>	<u>99,201</u>	<u>4,202</u>	<u>3,351,491</u>
Depreciation and impairment loss:									
Balance on January 1, 2023	\$ -	469,591	726,735	28,420	108,756	444	80,975	-	1,414,921
Depreciation for the period	-	66,428	74,166	3,682	5,609	-	6,905	-	156,790
Disposals	-	-	(36,923)	(7,408)	(774)	-	(1,410)	-	(46,515)
Disposal of subsidiaries (Note)	-	(20,592)	(2,326)	(710)	(606)	-	(1,276)	-	(25,510)
Effect of movement in exchange rate	-	(6,832)	(21,518)	(791)	(1,173)	-	(1,917)	-	(32,231)
Balance on December 31, 2023	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>508,595</u>	<u>740,134</u>	<u>23,193</u>	<u>111,812</u>	<u>444</u>	<u>83,277</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,467,455</u>
Balance on January 1, 2022	\$ -	403,985	732,124	26,902	104,984	444	79,082	-	1,347,521
Depreciation for the period	-	62,116	73,835	3,939	6,570	-	4,976	-	151,436
Disposals	-	(6,746)	(103,236)	(3,452)	(5,523)	-	(4,622)	-	(123,579)
Reclassification to investment property	-	(1,832)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,832)
Effect of movements in exchange rates	-	12,068	24,012	1,031	2,725	-	1,539	-	41,375
Balance on December 31, 2022	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>469,591</u>	<u>726,735</u>	<u>28,420</u>	<u>108,756</u>	<u>444</u>	<u>80,975</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,414,921</u>
Carrying amounts:									
Balance on December 31, 2023	<u>\$ 465,439</u>	<u>1,039,536</u>	<u>304,807</u>	<u>11,477</u>	<u>17,984</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>35,477</u>	<u>4,238</u>	<u>1,878,958</u>
Balance on January 1, 2022	<u>\$ 465,458</u>	<u>1,019,720</u>	<u>325,672</u>	<u>11,067</u>	<u>21,955</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>14,565</u>	<u>126,436</u>	<u>1,984,873</u>
Balance on December 31, 2022	<u>\$ 466,430</u>	<u>1,124,358</u>	<u>290,076</u>	<u>11,476</u>	<u>21,802</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>18,226</u>	<u>4,202</u>	<u>1,936,570</u>

Note: The Group disposed of subsidiaries in July, 2023, please refer to Note 6(f).

The property, plant and equipment of the Group had been pledged as collateral for bank borrowings, please refer to Note 8.

(h) Right-of-use assets

The Group leases assets including land, buildings and transportation equipment. Information about leases for which the Group as a lessee was presented below:

	<u>Land</u>	<u>Buildings</u>	<u>Transportation equipment</u>	<u>Total</u>
Cost:				
Balance on January 1, 2023	\$ 113,106	266,043	3,115	382,264
Additions	-	5,992	595	6,587
Disposal	-	(4,619)	(508)	(5,127)
Lease modification	-	(7,822)	-	(7,822)
Effect of movement in exchange rates	(2,236)	(11,538)	55	(13,719)
Balance on December 31, 2023	<u>\$ 110,870</u>	<u>248,056</u>	<u>3,257</u>	<u>362,183</u>

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TEX-RAY INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
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	<u>Land</u>	<u>Buildings</u>	<u>Transporation equipment</u>	<u>Total</u>
Balance on January 1, 2022	\$ 107,840	223,080	6,531	337,451
Additions	1,578	57,468	1,164	60,210
Disposal	-	(25,368)	(4,641)	(30,009)
Effect of movement in exchange rates	3,688	10,863	61	14,612
Balance on December 31, 2022	<u>\$ 113,106</u>	<u>266,043</u>	<u>3,115</u>	<u>382,264</u>
Accumulated depreciation:				
Balance on January 1, 2023	\$ 22,486	57,322	1,292	81,100
Depreciation for the year	6,961	48,116	923	56,000
Disposal	-	(4,619)	(508)	(5,127)
Effect of movement in exchange rates	(473)	(4,194)	23	(4,644)
Balance on December 31, 2023	<u>\$ 28,974</u>	<u>96,625</u>	<u>1,730</u>	<u>127,329</u>
Balance on January 1, 2022	\$ 14,754	37,440	4,425	56,619
Depreciation for the year	6,948	43,604	1,494	52,046
Disposal	-	(25,740)	(4,641)	(30,381)
Effect of movement in exchange rates	784	2,018	14	2,816
Balance on December 31, 2022	<u>\$ 22,486</u>	<u>57,322</u>	<u>1,292</u>	<u>81,100</u>
Carrying amounts:				
Balance on December 31, 2023	<u>\$ 81,896</u>	<u>151,431</u>	<u>1,527</u>	<u>234,854</u>
Balance on January 1, 2022	<u>\$ 93,086</u>	<u>185,640</u>	<u>2,106</u>	<u>280,832</u>
Balance on December 31, 2022	<u>\$ 90,620</u>	<u>208,721</u>	<u>1,823</u>	<u>301,164</u>

The right-of-use assets of the Group had been pledged as collateral for bank borrowings, please refer to Note 8.

(i) Investment property

The movement of the investment property were as follows:

	<u>Land and improvement</u>	<u>Buildings</u>	<u>Total</u>
Book Value:			
Balance on January 1, 2023	\$ 1,127,553	308,389	1,435,942
Change in fair value	46,213	4,808	51,021
Effect of movements in exchange rates	27,097	12,786	39,883
Balance on December 31, 2023	<u>\$ 1,200,863</u>	<u>325,983</u>	<u>1,526,846</u>
Balance on January 1, 2022	\$ 1,090,185	332,599	1,422,784
Transfer from property, plant, and equipment	-	2,921	2,921
Change in fair value	9,410	(42,702)	(33,292)
Effect of movements in exchange rates	27,958	15,571	43,529
Balance on December 31, 2022	<u>\$ 1,127,553</u>	<u>308,389</u>	<u>1,435,942</u>

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TEX-RAY INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

- (i) The recurring fair value measurement for the investment properties has been categorized as a Level 3 fair value based on the input to the valuation technique used. The above table shows a reconciliation from the opening balances to the closing balances for Level 3 fair values.

The Group's investment properties were subsequently measured at fair value using the income approach after initial recognition. The relevant contract information and key assumptions used in the method are as follows:

Contract terms	Land No. 228-240, 240-1, 241, 531, 531-1, 533-535 and buildings located at Shengli Sec., Rende Dist., Tainan City, total in twenty items.	
	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
Rent at local market rate (note)	\$230~\$269 /Py /month	\$220~\$280 /Py /month
Current market rent for comparable properties in similar locations and condition	As above	As above
Current status	Available for leasing	Available for leasing
Capitalization rate	2.47%	2.345%
Discount rate	2.345%	2.22%
Appraised by external independent appraiser or self-appraisal	Appraised by external independent appraiser	Appraised by external independent appraiser
Appraiser office(s)	Grand Elite Real Estate Appraisers Firm	Grand Elite Real Estate Appraisers Firm
Appraiser name(s)	Fu-Sheng Wang 、Ming-Quan Chen	Fu-Sheng Wang 、Ming-Quan Chen
Appraisal date	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
Fair value by external independent appraiser(s)	\$927,420 thousand	\$930,260 thousand

Contract Terms	Building No. 6576, Sec. 3, Zhongshan Dist., Taipei City	
	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
Contract terms	1.Rental:\$238 thousand /month 2.Period:60 months 3.Deposits: \$460 thousand 4.Tax borne by lessor:\$82 thousand/year	1.Rental:\$238 thousand /month 2.Period:60 months 3.Deposits: \$460 thousand 4.Tax borne by lessor:\$83 thousand/year
Rent at local market rate (note)	\$3,290 /Py /month	\$3,220 /Py /month
Current market rent for comparable properties in similar locations and condition	\$2,810~\$3,634 /Py /month	\$2,794~\$3,065 /Py /month
Current status	In use	In use

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Contract Terms	Building No. 6576, Sec. 3, Zhongshan Dist., Taipei City	
	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
Capitalization rate	2.47%	3.95%
Discount rate	2.345%	2.20%
Appraised by external independent appraiser or self-appraisal	Appraised by external independent appraiser	Appraised by external independent appraiser
Appraiser office(s)	Grand Elite Real Estate Appraisers Firm	Grand Elite Real Estate Appraisers Firm
Appraiser name(s)	Fu-Sheng Wang	Fu-Sheng Wang
Appraisal date	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
Fair value by external independent appraiser(s)	\$63,970 thousand	\$67,670 thousand

Contract terms	The Group's property located at Parque Industrial la Primavera, Mexico	
	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
Rent at local market rate (note)	\$54 ~ \$325 /square feet/month	\$63 ~ \$287 /square feet/month
Current market rent for comparable properties in similar locations and condition	As above	As above
Current status	Available for leasing	Available for leasing
Capitalization rate	8.50%	11.00%
Discount rate	8.00%	10.50%
Appraised by external independent appraiser or self-appraisal	Appraised by external independent appraiser	Appraised by external independent appraiser
Appraiser office(s)	Grand Elite Real Estate Appraisers Firm (review opinion)	Grand Elite Real Estate Appraisers Firm (review opinion)
Appraiser name(s)	Fu-Sheng Wang	Fu-Sheng Wang
Appraisal date	March 13, 2024	February 18, 2023
Fair value by external independent appraiser(s)	\$359,679 thousand (\$198,880 thousand peso)	\$285,183 thousand (\$181,020 thousand peso)

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TEX-RAY INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
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Contract item	The Group's property located at Jiangsu Yancheng Economic Development Zone, China	
	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
Contract terms	1.Rental:\$55/ square feet/month 2.Period:120 months 3.Deposits: None 4.Tax borne by lessor:\$3,610 thousand/year	1.Rental:\$45/ square feet/month 2.Period:120 months 3.Deposits: None 4.Tax borne by lessor:\$2,985 thousand/year
Rent at local market rate (note)	\$533/square feet/month	\$533/square feet/month
Current market rent for comparable properties in similar locations and condition	As above	As above
Current status	In use	In use
Capitalization rate	4.00%	3.25%
Discount rate	2.75%	2.75%
Appraised by external independent appraiser or self-appraisal	Appraised by external independent appraiser	Appraised by external independent appraiser
Appraiser office(s)	Grand Elite Real Estate Appraisers Firm	Grand Elite Real Estate Appraisers Firm
Appraiser name(s)	Fu-Sheng Wang	Fu-Sheng Wang
Appraisal date	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
Fair value by external independent appraiser(s)	\$221,243 thousand (\$51,030 thousand Chinese Yuan)	\$199,526 thousand (\$44,808 thousand Chinese Yuan)

Note: If there is no actual lease case in the area where the target premises are, the valuation report's selection of the rent comparison case for the premises is based on the investigation and evaluation of the target land use, within the range of the neighboring area, select three appropriate comparison cases, after analysis and comparison and adjustment, obtain the reasonable market rent of the target land.

In accordance with Article 34 of the Regulations on Real Estate Appraisal, the procedures of the income approach include estimating the effective gross income and total expenses, computing the net operating income, determining the capitalization rate or discount rate, and computing the income. The attributes used by the Group for the estimations above were the last three years' data from the subject property and comparable properties which have similar characteristics, and these data were assessed and adjusted based on their persistency, stability, and growth to ensure the availability and reasonableness of these data. The movement of income (cash inflows) and expenditure (cash outflows) for future periods was based on the vacancies or losses, existing or future cash flow plans of the Group, and historical cash flows from the subject property, identical properties, or properties in the same industry. The estimation and computation of the net income were based on the highest and best use of the subject property and have taken into consideration the income generated from comparable properties in the same location based on their highest and best use.

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TEX-RAY INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
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The discount rate is determined by the risk premium method, which considers the bank time deposit interest rate, government bond interest rate, the risk of real estate investment, currency changes and the trend of real estate prices, etc., and selects the investment return of the most general property. The rate is a benchmark, and it is determined after adjusting the difference between the investment property and the individual characteristics of the target. The discount rate is based on the mobile interest rate of the two-year postal fixed deposit small deposit issued by Chunghwa Post Co., Ltd. plus no less than three yards, and considers the underlying income situation, liquidity, risk, value-added and management. For factors such as the difficulty of the above, the risk premium will be added on December 31, 2023 and 2022 to determine the discount rate of the target to be 2.345%~8.00% and 2.20%~10.50%. The estimation of income capitalization refers to the weighted average calculation after dividing the net income of the comparison target by the price.

- (ii) In 2022, the Group reclassified its real estate from property, plant and equipment to investment property measured at fair value and recognized the difference between the fair value and the book value, amounting to \$958 thousand, as revaluation surplus under other equity. Please refer to Note 6(g).
 - (iii) Remeasurement gains and losses arising from investment property measured at fair value, please refer to Note 6(v).
 - (iv) As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, the investment property of the Group had been pledged as collateral for long-term borrowings; please refer to Note 8.
- (j) Intangible assets

The cost, amortization and impairment of the intangible assets of the Group for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, were as follows:

	<u>Patent</u>	<u>Goodwill</u>	<u>Soft cost</u>	<u>Others</u>	<u>Total</u>
Costs:					
Balance on January 1, 2023	\$ 209,117	264,270	96,244	3,635	573,266
Additions	450	-	5,600	12	6,062
Disposals	-	-	-	(233)	(233)
Effect of movements in exchange rates	764	(27)	(394)	(41)	302
Balance on December 31, 2023	<u><u>\$ 210,331</u></u>	<u><u>264,243</u></u>	<u><u>101,450</u></u>	<u><u>3,373</u></u>	<u><u>579,397</u></u>
Balance on January 1, 2022	\$ 208,131	247,307	89,861	1,424	546,723
Additions	-	-	5,867	2,213	8,080
Effect of movements in exchange rates	986	16,963	516	(2)	18,463
Balance on December 31, 2022	<u><u>\$ 209,117</u></u>	<u><u>264,270</u></u>	<u><u>96,244</u></u>	<u><u>3,635</u></u>	<u><u>573,266</u></u>
Amortization and impairment loss:					
Balance on January 1, 2023	\$ 184,800	50,083	79,341	2,149	316,373
Amortization for the year	3,126	4,268	9,481	667	17,542
Impairment loss	-	4,268	-	-	4,268
Disposals	-	-	-	(40)	(40)
Effect of movements in exchange rates	302	-	(290)	(19)	(7)
Balance on December 31, 2023	<u><u>\$ 188,228</u></u>	<u><u>58,619</u></u>	<u><u>88,532</u></u>	<u><u>2,757</u></u>	<u><u>338,136</u></u>

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TEX-RAY INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
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	<u>Patent</u>	<u>Goodwill</u>	<u>Soft cost</u>	<u>Others</u>	<u>Total</u>
Balance on January 1, 2022	\$ 181,604	46,025	69,432	1,424	298,485
Amortization for the year	3,019	4,058	9,608	720	17,405
Effect of movements in exchange rates	177	-	301	5	483
Balance on December 31, 2022	<u>\$ 184,800</u>	<u>50,083</u>	<u>79,341</u>	<u>2,149</u>	<u>316,373</u>
Carrying amounts:					
Balance on December 31, 2023	<u>\$ 22,103</u>	<u>205,624</u>	<u>12,918</u>	<u>616</u>	<u>241,261</u>
Balance on December 31, 2022	<u>\$ 24,317</u>	<u>214,187</u>	<u>16,903</u>	<u>1,486</u>	<u>256,893</u>
Balance on January 1, 2022	<u>\$ 26,527</u>	<u>201,282</u>	<u>20,429</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>248,238</u>

- (i) The amortization of intangible assets were recognized in the statement of comprehensive income as follows:

	<u>For the years ended December 31</u>	
	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
Operating costs	<u>\$ 1,426</u>	<u>1,330</u>
Operating expenses	<u>\$ 16,116</u>	<u>16,075</u>

- (ii) Impairment

For impairment testing purposes, goodwill had been allocated to operating units. They were the minimum level used to monitor the goodwill of the Group for internal management purposes and shall not be larger than the operating segment of the Group.

The carrying amount of goodwill had been allocated to each operating unit were as follows:

	<u>December 31,</u> <u>2023</u>	<u>December 31,</u> <u>2022</u>
America region	\$ 161,227	161,252
Swaziland region	44,397	44,397
Vietnam region	-	8,538
	<u>\$ 205,624</u>	<u>214,187</u>

The recoverable amount of the goodwill was based on its value in use, determined by discounting the future cash flows to be generated from the continuing use of the CGU.

The value in use is determined by the Group's self-assessment by discounting the future cash flows generated by the continuous use of the unit. The value in use (including property, plant and equipment and goodwill) as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, were performed on the same basis, which was estimated based on factors such as past experience and actual operating results.

The key assumptions of the calculation represent the management's assessment of future trends, or it was determined by appraisal agency based on its own professional judgement. And it takes consideration of both external and internal information (historical information) as well.

- (iii) The aforesaid intangible assets were not pledged as collateral.

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TEX-RAY INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
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(k) Short-term borrowings

	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
Unsecured bank loans	\$ 485,097	776,066
Unsecured non-financial institution loans	25,000	25,000
Secured bank loans	734,979	639,686
Total	<u>\$ 1,245,076</u>	<u>1,440,752</u>
Unused credit line	<u>\$ 1,308,555</u>	<u>1,200,957</u>
Range of interest rates	<u>1.84%~5.03%</u>	<u>1.5%~5.50%</u>

The Group had pledged assets as collateral for short-term borrowing, please refer to Note 8.

(l) Short-term notes and bills payable

	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
Commercial paper payable	\$ 710,000	280,000
Less: Discount on short-term notes and bills payable	(718)	(527)
Net	<u>\$ 709,282</u>	<u>279,473</u>
Range of interest rates	<u>1.95%~2.31%</u>	<u>1.89%~2.07%</u>
Guarantee institution	Changhua Commercial Bank and other four syndicated banks, IBFC, CBF and TCBFC	Changhua Commercial Bank and other four syndicated banks, IBFC

The Group had pledged assets as collateral for short-term notes and bills payable, please refer to Note 8.

(m) Long-term borrowings

The details were follows:

	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
Unsecured non-financial institution loans	\$ -	26,082
Unsecured bank loans	84,040	108,041
Secured bank loans	1,997,223	2,056,023
Less: current portion	(121,371)	(118,053)
borrowing fees	(2,997)	(4,167)
Net	<u>\$ 1,956,895</u>	<u>2,067,926</u>
Unused credit line	<u>\$ 374,229</u>	<u>175,979</u>
Range of interest rates	<u>2.10%~4.80%</u>	<u>1.79%~4.80%</u>
Maturity	<u>2025.08~2036.05</u>	<u>2023.07~2036.05</u>

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TEX-RAY INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
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(i) The Group entered into a five-year syndicated loan agreement of 1.2 billion with 5 banks including Changhua Commercial Bank LTD on april 14, 2022. The funds obtained from the joint loan are used to settle the outstanding balance of the previous syndicated loan agreement and to supplement the operating turnover. According to the agreement, the Group shall calculate and maintain its current ratio, debt ratio and net tangible asset based on the Group's annual parent only financial statements audited by auditors during the loan period. The Group met the aforementioned financial ratio as of December 31, 2023.

(ii) Please refer to Note 8 for details of the related assets pledged as collateral.

(n) Lease liabilities

The carrying amount of lease liabilities were as follows:

	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
Current	\$ <u>46,158</u>	<u>46,253</u>
Non-current	\$ <u>144,801</u>	<u>205,220</u>

For the maturity analysis, please refer to Note 6(w).

The amounts recognized in profit or loss were as follows:

	For the year ended December 31, 2023	2022
Interest on lease liabilities	\$ <u>7,663</u>	<u>7,469</u>
Expenses relating to leases of low-value assets, excluding short-term leases of low-value assets	\$ <u>14,972</u>	<u>18,504</u>

The amounts recognized in the statement of cash flows for the Group were as follows:

	For the year ended December 31, 2023	2022
Total cash outflow for leases	\$ <u>71,535</u>	<u>67,366</u>

For the information of rent revenue from operating lease, please refer to Note 6(v).

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TEX-RAY INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(o) Operating lease

Please refer to Note 6(g) and 6(i) for information about the operating leases of property.

A maturity analysis of lease payments, showing the undiscounted lease payments to be received after the reporting date were as follows:

	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
Less than one year	\$ 32,118	33,704
One to two years	27,375	30,329
Two to three years	30,690	28,186
Three to four years	31,353	31,599
Four to five years	31,353	32,282
More than five years	61,269	95,367
Total undiscounted lease payments	<u><u>\$ 214,158</u></u>	<u><u>251,467</u></u>

(p) Employee benefits

(i) Defined benefit plans

Reconciliation of defined obligation at present value and asset at fair value were as follows:

	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
Present value of defined benefit obligations	\$ (24,916)	(35,458)
Fair value of plan assets	18,162	23,739
Net defined benefit liabilities	<u><u>\$ (6,754)</u></u>	<u><u>(11,719)</u></u>

The Group makes defined benefit plan contributions to the pension fund account with Bank of Taiwan that provide pension benefits for employees upon retirement. Plans (covered by the Labor Standards Law) entitle a retired employee to receive retirement benefits based on years of service and average monthly salary for six months prior to retirement.

1) Composition of plan assets

The Group set aside pension funds in accordance with the Regulations for Revenues, Expenditures, Safeguard and Utilization of the Labor Retirement Fund and such funds are managed by the Bureau of Labor Funds, Ministry of Labor. Under these regulations, the minimum earnings from these pension funds shall not be less than the earnings from two-year time deposits with the interest rates offered by local banks.

The Group's Bank of Taiwan labor pension reserve account balance amounted to \$18,162 thousands as of December 31, 2023. For information on the utilization of the labor pension fund assets, including the asset allocation and yield of the fund, please refer to the website of the Bureau of Labor Funds, Ministry of Labor.

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TEX-RAY INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

2) Movements in present value of the defined benefit obligations

The movements in the present value of the defined benefit obligations for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 were as follows:

	For the years ended December 31	
	2023	2022
Defined benefit obligation, January 1	\$ (35,458)	(58,160)
Current service costs and interest cost	(484)	(423)
Remeasurements of the net defined benefit liability		
— Experience adjustments	503	230
— Actuarial gains (losses) arose from changes in demographic assumptions	-	(1)
— Actuarial gains (losses) arose from changes in financial assumption	(326)	2,903
Benefits paid by the plan	-	4,607
Influence of plan settlement	10,849	15,386
Defined benefit obligation, December 31	<u><u>\$ (24,916)</u></u>	<u><u>(35,458)</u></u>

3) Movements in the fair value of plan assets

The movements in the fair value of the defined benefit plan assets for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 were as follows:

	For the years ended December 31	
	2023	2022
Fair value of plan assets, January 1	\$ 23,739	36,227
Interests revenue	313	251
Remeasurements of the fair value of plan assets		
— Return on plan asset excluding interest income	260	2,693
Contributions made	4,125	3,372
Benefits paid by the plan	-	(4,620)
Settlement payment of plan asset	(10,275)	(14,184)
Fair value of plan assets, December 31	<u><u>\$ 18,162</u></u>	<u><u>23,739</u></u>

4) Movements of the effect of the asset ceiling: None.

(Continued)

TEX-RAY INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

5) Expenses recognized in profit or loss

The Group's pension expenses that should be recognized in profit or loss for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 were as follows:

	For the years ended December 31	
	2023	2022
Current service costs	\$ 27	27
Net interest of net liabilities for defined benefit obligations	144	145
Curtailment or settlement gains	(574)	(1,189)
	\$ (403)	(1,017)

The actual expenses recognized in profit or loss for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 were as follows:

	For the years ended December 31	
	2023	2022
Operating costs	\$ 8	13
Selling expenses	(234)	(672)
Administration expenses	(126)	(293)
Research and development expenses	(51)	(65)
	\$ (403)	(1,017)

The difference between the above expenses and the amount should to be reported in the actuarial report will be regarded as a change in accounting estimates and recognized as the profit and loss of the following year.

6) Actuarial assumptions

The principal actuarial assumptions at the reporting date were as follows:

	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
Discount rate	1.2%	1.3%~1.35%
Future salary increase rate	2.00 %	2.00 %

The expected allocation payment to be made by the Group to the defined benefit plans for the one-year period after the reporting date is \$833 thousands.

The weighted average lifetime of the defined benefits plans is 7~9 years.

(Continued)

TEX-RAY INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
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7) Sensitivity analysis

If the actuarial assumptions had changed, the impact on the present value of the defined benefit obligation shall be as follows:

	Influences of defined benefit obligations	
	<u>Increase 0.25%</u>	<u>Decrease 0.25%</u>
December 31, 2023		
Discount rate	\$ (463)	478
Future salary increasing rate	473	(461)
December 31, 2022		
Discount rate	(765)	793
Future salary increasing rate	785	(763)

Reasonably possible changes at the reporting date to one of the relevant actuarial assumptions, holding other assumptions constant, would have affected the defined benefit obligation by the amounts shown above. The method used in the sensitivity analysis is consistent with the calculation of pension liabilities in the balance sheets.

There is no change in the method and assumptions used in the preparation of sensitivity analysis for 2023 and 2022.

(ii) Defined contribution plans

The Group allocates the regulated percentage of each employee's monthly wages to the labor pension personal account at the Bureau of Labor Insurance in accordance with the provisions of the Labor Pension Act. Under these defined contribution plans, the Group allocates a fixed amount to the Bureau of Labor Insurance without additional legal or constructive obligation.

The pension costs incurred from the contributions to the Bureau of the Labor Insurance amounted to \$40,947 thousand and \$46,043 thousand for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

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TEX-RAY INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
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(q) Income taxes

(i) Tax expense

The components of income tax for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 were as follows:

	For the years ended December 31	
	2023	2022
Current income tax expense		
Current period	\$ 71,934	100,784
Prior years income tax adjustment	(1,474)	(22,868)
Additional tax on undistributed earnings	-	271
	<u>70,460</u>	<u>78,187</u>
Deferred income tax expense		
Origination and reversal of temporary differences	27,941	9,374
Recognition of previously unrecognized tax losses	-	(584)
	<u>27,941</u>	<u>8,790</u>
Tax expense	<u>\$ 98,401</u>	<u>86,977</u>

The reconciliation of tax expense and income before tax for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 are as follows:

	For the years ended December 31	
	2023	2022
(Loss) profit before tax	\$ (66,850)	45,303
Income tax expense at domestic statutory tax rate	\$ (13,370)	9,061
Effect of tax rates in foreign jurisdiction	64,354	89,589
Origination and reversal of temporary differences	27,941	9,374
Current-year losses for which no deferred tax asset was recognized	20,838	-
Recognition of previously unrecognized tax losses	(5,185)	(584)
Adjustment to the prior year	(1,474)	(22,868)
Realized investment loss	(679)	(1,536)
Other	<u>5,976</u>	<u>3,941</u>
	<u>\$ 98,401</u>	<u>86,977</u>

The applicable statutory tax rates for subsidiaries in foreign regions were as follows: America: 22.1%~43.84%, Netherlands: 15%, Mexico: 30%, Mainland: 25%, South Africa: 28% and Swaziland: 27.5%.

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TEX-RAY INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(ii) Deferred tax asset and liability recognized

Changes in the amount of deferred tax assets and liabilities for 2023 and 2022. were as follows:

1) Deferred tax asset:

	Unrealized loss of inventory valuation	Unrealized sales margin	Carryforw ard of unused tax loss	Other	Total
Balance on January 1, 2023	\$ 11,671	2,159	34,247	9,982	58,059
Recognized in profit or loss	173	(1,313)	(34,472)	5,847	(29,765)
Effect of movements in exchange rates	-	-	765	-	765
Balance on December 31, 2023	<u>\$ 11,844</u>	<u>846</u>	<u>540</u>	<u>15,829</u>	<u>29,059</u>
Balance on January 1, 2022	\$ 17,252	2,647	30,856	11,028	61,783
Recognized in profit or loss	(5,581)	(488)	19	(1,046)	(7,096)
Effect of movements in exchange rates	-	-	3,372	-	3,372
Balance on December 31, 2022	<u>\$ 11,671</u>	<u>2,159</u>	<u>34,247</u>	<u>9,982</u>	<u>58,059</u>

2) Deferred tax liabilities:

	Defined benefit plan	Provision for land value increment tax	Unrealized exchange benefits	Other	Total
Balance on January 1, 2023	\$ 654	177,045	1,639	969	180,307
Recognized in profit or loss	-	-	(1,639)	(185)	(1,824)
Balance on December 31, 2023	<u>\$ 654</u>	<u>177,045</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>784</u>	<u>178,483</u>
Balance on January 1, 2022	\$ 654	177,045	-	914	178,613
Recognized in profit or loss	-	-	1,639	55	1,694
Balance on December 31, 2022	<u>\$ 654</u>	<u>177,045</u>	<u>1,639</u>	<u>969</u>	<u>180,307</u>

(iii) The Company's income tax returns through 2021 have been assessed and approved by the Tax Authority.

(r) Capital and other equity

(i) Ordinary shares

A resolution was passed by the general meeting of shareholders held on 27 June 2013 for the issuance of 42,052 thousand ordinary shares for cash under private placement, with par value of \$10 per share, amounting to \$420,524 thousand. The date of capital increase was on 28 April, 2014, which was approved on 23 April 2014 by the Board. The relevant statutory registration procedures have since been completed.

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TEX-RAY INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
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A resolution was passed by the temporary meeting held on 4 December 2018 for the issuance of 23,362 thousand ordinary shares for cash under private placement, with par value of \$10 and issuance price of \$10.16 per share, amounting to \$237,363 thousands. The date of capital increase was on December 12, 2018. The relevant statutory registration procedures have been completed.

As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, the number of authorized shares were each \$3,000,000 thousand, respectively, with par value of \$10 per share and divided into 300,000 thousand shares. All of the aforementioned shares are ordinary shares, and the number of issued shares was 233,625 thousand shares. All proceeds from the shares have been collected.

The aforementioned private placement of ordinary shares and the transfer of any subsequently obtained bonus shares would be subject to article 43-8 under the Securities and Exchange Act. The Company can only apply for these shares to be traded on the Taiwan Stock Exchange after a three-year period has elapsed from the delivery date of the private-placed securities, and after applying for a public offering with the Financial Supervisory Commission.

(ii) Capital surplus

The components of the capital surplus were as follows:

	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
Share capital	\$ 121,485	121,485
Conversion of bonds	14,648	14,648
Treasury stock transactions	3,949	3,949
Difference between consideration and carrying amount of subsidiaries acquired or disposed	110,415	95,847
Changes in equity of subsidiaries under equity method	3,516	3,516
Donated surplus	254	254
	\$ 254,267	239,699

According to the R.O.C. Company Act, capital surplus can only be used to offset a deficit, and only the realized capital surplus can be used to increase the common stock or be distributed as cash dividends. The aforementioned realized capital surplus includes capital surplus resulting from premium on issuance of capital stock and earnings from donated assets received. According to the Regulations Governing the Offering and Issuance of Securities by Securities Issuers, capital increases by transferring capital surplus in excess of par value should not exceed 10% of the total common stock outstanding.

(iii) Retained earnings

The Company's article of incorporation stipulate that Company's net earnings should first be used to offset the prior years' deficits, if any, before paying any income taxes or salary. Of the remaining balance, 10% is to be appropriated as legal reserve, and then any remaining profit, together with any undistributed retained earnings, shall be distributed according to the distribution plan proposed by the Board of Directors to be submitted to the stockholders' meeting for approval.

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TEX-RAY INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

The Company's dividend policy considering factors such as current and future development plans, investment environment, capital requirements and domestic and international competition, and the interests of shareholders, is to distribute dividends to shareholders in an amount not less than 10% of the current distributable earnings each year.

The earnings distribution may be distributed by cash or stock. The distribution ratio of cash dividends should not be less than 10% of the total dividends.

1) Legal reserve

When a company incurs no loss, it may, pursuant to a resolution by a shareholders' meeting, distribute its legal reserve by issuing new shares or by distributing cash, and only the portion of legal reserve which exceeds 25% of capital may be distributed.

2) Special reserve

When the Company first adopted the International Financial Reporting Standards recognized by the FSC, it chose to apply the exemption item of IFRS 1 "First-time Application of International Financial Reporting Standards". Hence, the unrealized revaluation and accumulation accounted for shareholders' equity amounted to \$216,408 thousand, resulting in a decrease in retained earnings. Since the net reduction of retained surplus on the conversion date was due to the initial adoption of IFRSs based on FSC's regulations, the Company need not apply for a special surplus reserve for the amount reclassified to retained earnings on January 1, 2013.

The Company chose the fair value model for subsequent measurement of its investment property. According to the regulations of the FSC, the net increase in special surplus reserve amounting to the net increase in fair value of investment property measured by the fair value model adopted for the first time should be applied. Also, the special surplus reserve shall be taken in the following order when the Company distribute its annual earnings:

- a) The fair value model is used in calculating the special reserve amounting to the net for subsequent measurement of investment property from undistributed earnings of current period and prior year. If the cumulative net increase in fair value in the previous period, the amount of the special surplus reserve of the same amount from the undistributed surplus in the previous period cannot be distributed; when the accumulated net increase in fair value of the investment real estate is subsequently reduced or the investment real estate is disposed of, the surplus may be reverted to distribute the surplus based on the reduction or the disposal situation.
- b) The special surplus reserve calculated based on the shareholding ratio, which amounts to the difference between the market value and the book value of the parent company's stock held by the subsidiary company at the end of the period, shall not be distributed. If there is any rebound in the market price thereafter, the amount of that part must be converted to a special surplus reserve based on the shareholding ratio.

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TEX-RAY INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

- c) A portion of current period earnings and undistributed prior period earnings shall be reclassified as special earnings reserve during earnings distribution. The amount to be reclassified should equal the total net reduction of other shareholders' equity for the current period. Similarly, a portion of undistributed prior period earnings shall be reclassified as special earnings reserve (and does not qualify for earnings distribution) to account for cumulative changes to other shareholders' equity pertaining to prior periods. The amounts of subsequent reversals pertaining to the net reduction of other shareholders' equity shall qualify for additional distributions.

3) Earnings distribution

On June 9, 2023 and June 15, 2022, the Company resolved not to distribute dividends at the general meeting of stockholders, respectively. Related information is available on the Market Observation Post System website.

(s) Earnings per share

The basic earnings per share and diluted earnings per shares were calculated as follow:

(i) Basic earnings per share

	For the years ended December 31	
	2023	2022
Basic earnings per share		
Loss attributable to ordinary shareholders	\$ <u>(165,763)</u>	<u>(38,383)</u>
Weighted-average number of ordinary shares (thousand shares)	<u>233,625</u>	<u>233,625</u>
Loss attributable to shareholders per share	\$ <u>(0.71)</u>	<u>(0.16)</u>

- (ii) The Group's suffers from operating losses for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 and has no dilution effect. Thus, no diluted earnings per share has been disclosed.

(t) Revenue from contracts with customers

(i) Disaggregation of revenue

	For the years ended December 31	
	2023	2022
Primary geographical markets:		
Taiwan	\$ 346,831	226,349
America	1,810,365	2,351,386
Asia	1,083,336	1,529,395
Mexico	73,389	200,555
Africa	1,020,781	1,576,771
Other countries	<u>220,649</u>	<u>244,764</u>
	\$ <u>4,555,351</u>	<u>6,129,220</u>

(Continued)

TEX-RAY INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(ii) Contract balances

	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022	January 1, 2022
Notes receivables from operating activities	\$ 22,930	33,069	1,232
Accounts receivable—measured at amortized cost	760,862	987,903	1,478,570
Less: allowance for impairment	(90,870)	(267,253)	(185,085)
	<u>\$ 692,922</u>	<u>753,719</u>	<u>1,294,717</u>
Contract liabilities	<u>\$ 95,331</u>	<u>108,992</u>	<u>80,400</u>

Please refer to Note 6(c) for the disclosure of notes, accounts receivable and allowance for impairment.

The major change in the balance of contract liabilities is the difference between the time frame in the performance obligation to be satisfied and the payment to be received.

(u) Employee compensation and directors' and supervisors' remuneration

Based on the amended Company's Articles of Incorporation, remuneration of employees and directors are appropriated at the rate of at least 2% and no more than 2% of profit before tax, respectively. Prior years' accumulated deficit is first offset before any appropriation of profit. Employees of subsidiaries may also be entitled to the employee remuneration of the Company, which can be settled in the form of cash or stock.

During 2023 and 2022, the Company incurred net loss, and thus, it did not appropriate remunerations for employees and directors.

For 2023 and 2022, the amounts of remunerations appropriated for employees and directors were identical to those of the actual distributions. Related information is available on the Market Observation Post System website.

(v) Non-operating income and expenses

(i) Other income

The details of other income were as follows:

	For the years ended December 31	
	2023	2022
Rent income	\$ 13,327	8,445
Dividend income	546	-
	<u>\$ 13,873</u>	<u>8,445</u>

(Continued)

TEX-RAY INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(ii) Other gains and losses

The details of other gain and losses were as follows:

	For the years ended December 31	
	2023	2022
Gains on disposal of property, plant and equipment	\$ 172	415
Gains on disposal of investment	3,527	-
Foreign exchange gains	47,748	83,741
Impairment loss of non-financial asset	(4,268)	-
Gains (losses) on fair value adjustment of investment property	51,021	(34,250)
Other income	40,569	48,774
Other expenses	(1,259)	(24,904)
	\$ 137,510	73,776

(iii) Interest income

The details of interest income were as follows:

	For the years ended December 31	
	2023	2022
Bank deposits	\$ 82,076	32,242
Overdue accounts	91	181
Interest subsidy	67	17
	\$ 82,234	32,440

(iv) Interest expenses

The details of interest expenses were as follows:

	For the years ended December 31	
	2023	2022
Loans and borrowings	\$ 111,209	92,512
Lease liabilities	7,663	7,469
	\$ 118,872	99,981

(Continued)

TEX-RAY INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(w) Financial instruments

(i) Categories of financial instruments

1) Financial asset

	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
Measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	\$ 47,016	24,512
Measured at amortized cost (deposits and receivables)		
Cash and cash equivalents	2,102,688	2,144,613
Notes, accounts receivables, and other receivables	832,662	842,595
Other financial assets — current	226,088	178,190
Other non-current financial assets	37,344	42,811
Subtotal	3,198,782	3,208,209
Total	\$ 3,245,798	3,232,721

2) Financial liabilities

	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
Financial liabilities carried at amortized cost		
Short-term borrowings	\$ 1,245,076	1,440,752
Short-term notes and bills payable	709,282	279,473
Accrued payable	806,651	898,978
Lease liabilities	190,959	251,473
Long-term borrowings (including current portion)	2,078,266	2,185,979
Total	\$ 5,030,234	5,056,655

(ii) Credit risk

1) Credit risk exposure

The carrying amount of financial assets and contract assets represents the maximum amount exposed to the credit risk. The amounts of maximum credit risk exposure of the Group on December 31, 2023 and 2022 was \$3,245,798 thousand and \$3,232,721 thousand, respectively.

- 2) The customers of the Group are concentrated in the retail and wholesale of textile or garments. In order to reduce credit risk, the Group continuously evaluates the financial status of customers, conducts individual assessment based on the signs of impairment of accounts receivable and credit risk characteristics, handles accounts receivable insurance policy for some customers; On December 31, 2023 and 2022, The Group has a vast client base that is not connected, thus, the extent of concentration credit risk is limited.

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TEX-RAY INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
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- 3) For credit risk exposure of trade receivables and other receivables, please refer to Notes 6(c) and 6(d).

(iii) Liquidity risk

The following table shows the contractual maturities of financial liabilities, including estimated interest payments and excluding the impact of netting agreements.

	<u>Carrying amount</u>	<u>Contractual cash flows</u>	<u>Within 6 months</u>	<u>6-12 months</u>	<u>1-2 years</u>	<u>2-5 years</u>	<u>Over 5 years</u>
December 31, 2023							
Non-derivative financial liabilities							
Secured bank loans	\$ 2,732,202	3,006,430	492,497	413,062	161,117	862,182	1,077,572
Unsecured bank loans	594,137	628,866	534,482	48,437	36,176	9,771	-
Short-term notes and bills payable	709,282	710,000	710,000	-	-	-	-
Accrued payables	806,651	806,651	806,651	-	-	-	-
Lease liabilities	190,959	204,040	25,879	25,646	51,306	95,457	5,752
	<u>\$ 5,033,231</u>	<u>5,355,987</u>	<u>2,569,509</u>	<u>487,145</u>	<u>248,599</u>	<u>967,410</u>	<u>1,083,324</u>
December 31, 2022							
Non-derivative financial liabilities							
Secured bank loans	\$ 2,695,709	2,961,297	358,110	421,193	124,998	943,938	1,113,058
Unsecured bank loans	935,189	944,877	838,546	20,240	42,895	43,196	-
Short-term notes and bills payable	279,473	280,000	280,000	-	-	-	-
Accrued payables	898,978	898,978	898,978	-	-	-	-
Lease liabilities	251,473	273,113	26,550	27,118	54,661	152,268	12,516
	<u>\$ 5,060,822</u>	<u>5,358,265</u>	<u>2,402,184</u>	<u>468,551</u>	<u>222,554</u>	<u>1,139,402</u>	<u>1,125,574</u>

The Group does not expect the cash flows included in the maturity analysis to occur significantly earlier or at significantly different amounts.

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TEX-RAY INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(iv) Currency risk

1) Exposure to foreign currency risk

The Group's significant exposures to foreign currency risk were as follow:

	December 31, 2023			December 31, 2022			
	Foreign Currency	Exchange Rate	NTD	Foreign Currency	Exchange Rate	NTD	
<u>Financial assets</u>							
<u>Monetary items</u>							
NTD:USD	\$	36,637	30.7050	1,124,953	28,093	30.7100	862,736
SZL:USD		194	18.2815	5,936	530	17.0068	16,268
CNY:USD		4,075	7.0798	124,830	1,048	6.8983	31,879
VND:USD		429	24,270	13,159	338	23,633	10,366
EUR:NTD		1,126	33.9800	38,268	1,391	32.7200	45,519
MXN:USD		702	16.9779	21,533	520	19.4932	15,958
JPY:NTD		81,664	0.2172	17,737	58,475	0.2324	13,590
<u>Financial liabilities</u>							
<u>Monetary items</u>							
NTD:USD		4,152	30.7050	127,487	15,324	30.7100	470,607
SZL:USD		130	18.2815	3,976	302	17.0068	9,262
CNY:USD		3,070	7.0798	94,048	9,187	6.8983	279,357
VND:USD		-	24,270	-	794	23,633	24,386
USD:GBP		-	0.7855	-	300	0.8266	9,213

2) Sensitivity analysis

The Group's exposure to foreign currency risk arises from the translation of the foreign currency exchange gains and losses on cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable and other receivables, other financial assets, loans, trade and other payables that are denominated in foreign currency. A 1% of appreciation or depreciation of each major foreign currency against the Group's functional currency as of December 31, 2023 and 2022 would have increased (decreased) the net income for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 would have increased (decreased) the before-tax net income for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 by \$11,209 and \$2,035, respectively.

3) Foreign exchange gains or losses on monetary item

Since the Group has many kinds of functional currency, the information on foreign exchange gain (loss) on monetary items is disclosed by total amount. For the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, foreign exchange gains (including realized and unrealized portions) amounted to \$47,748 thousand and \$83,741 thousand, respectively.

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TEX-RAY INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(v) Interest rate analysis

The book values of the financial assets and financial liabilities affected by the interest rate risk on the reporting date were as below:

	Fixed-rate instrument		Variable rate instrument	
	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
Financial assets	\$ 1,346,443	1,172,874	1,002,921	1,151,573
Financial liabilities	(809,263)	(325,895)	(3,298,342)	(3,601,124)
	\$ 537,180	846,979	(2,295,421)	(2,449,551)

The following sensitivity analysis is based on the exposure to the interest rate risk of derivative and non derivative financial instruments on the reporting date. Regarding assets with variable interest rates, the analysis is based on the assumption that the amount of assets outstanding at the reporting date was outstanding throughout the year. The Group's internal management reported the change of interest rate and the exposure to changes in interest rate of 1% is considered by management to be a reasonable change of interest rate.

If the interest rate had increased or decreased by 1% basis points, the Group's interest expenses would have increased or decreased by \$22,954 thousands and \$24,496 thousands for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 respectively, with all other variable factors remaining constant. The reason is mainly due to variable-rate loans.

(vi) Other market price risk

If the security price of domestic stocks measured at fair value through profit or loss held by the Group changes, the impact to other comprehensive income will be as follows, assuming the analysis is based on the same basis for both years and assuming that all other variables considered in the analysis remain the same:

	For the years ended December 31	
	2023	2022
Price of securities at reporting date	Net income (loss)	Net income (loss)
Increasing 7%	\$ 3,291	1,716
Decreasing 7%	(3,291)	(1,716)

(vii) Information of fair value

1) Classification of financial instruments and fair value hierarchy

The book value of the financial assets and liabilities was close to the fair value; the fair value of the financial assets measured at fair value through profit and loss and those measured at fair value through other comprehensive income was estimated on a recurring basis of level 1 and 3, respectively.

(Continued)

TEX-RAY INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

2) Valuation techniques for financial instruments not measured at fair value

The Group's valuation techniques and assumptions used for financial instruments not measured at fair value are as follows:

- a) Financial assets and liabilities measured at amortized cost (including debt investment that has no active markets).

If there is quoted price generated by transactions, the recent transaction price and quoted price data is used as the basis for fair value measurement. However, if no quoted prices are available, the discounted cash flows are used to estimate fair values.

3) Valuation techniques for financial instruments measured at fair value

The Group's valuation techniques and assumptions used for financial instruments measured at fair value are as follows:

- a) Financial instruments that have standard terms and are traded in an active market, such as listed stocks, the fair value are determined by quoted prices.
- b) Measurements of fair value of financial instruments without an active market
 - i) Using discounted cash flow analysis to measure its fair value. The main assumption is investors' expected standard profit which is manipulated by capitalization rate that reflects investment risk.
 - ii) Using observable market data at the reporting date to measure its fair value. The main assumption is based on comparable price-book ratio, which is adjusted by offsetting the impact of discount for lack of marketability and minority interest.
- c) The fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities other than those aforesaid are determined in accordance with discounted cash flow analysis which is generally accepted.

4) Transfers between each level

There are no transfers from each level for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022.

(x) Financial risk management

(i) Overview

The Group have exposures to the following risks from its financial instruments:

- 1) credit risk
- 2) liquidity risk
- 3) market risk

(Continued)

TEX-RAY INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

The following likewise discusses the Group's exposure information, objectives, policies and processes for measuring and managing the above mentioned risks. For further information, please refer to the relevant notes to the consolidated financial statement.

(ii) Structure of risk management

The financial management department of the Group provides intercompany services for various businesses, coordinates the operation of entering the domestic and international financial markets, and supervises and manages the financial risks related to the operation of the Group by analyzing the internal risk report according to the degree and breadth of the risk. Internal auditors continue to review compliance with policies and the risk limit. The Group did not trade financial instruments (including derivative financial instruments) for speculative purposes.

(iii) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Group if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations, and arises principally from the Group's receivables from customers and investments in equity investment.

1) Trade and other receivable

The policy adopted by the Group is to only trade with reputable customers and obtain collateral when necessary to reduce the risk of financial losses from default. The Group only trades with companies rated equivalent to the investment grade. Such information is provided by independent rating agencies; if such information is not available, the Group will use other publicly available financial information and transaction experience to rate major customers. The Group continues to monitor the credit risk insurance level and the credit rating of the counterparty, and distributes the total transaction amount to those with qualified credit ratings, and controls the credit risk through the credit limit that is reviewed and approved annually.

The accounts receivable is comprised from vast customers base, which is scattered in different industries and geographic regions. The Group continues to evaluate the financial status of customers.

2) Investments

The exposure to credit risk for the bank deposits, fixed income investments, and other financial instruments is measured and monitored by the Group's finance department. The Group only deals with banks, other external parties, corporate organizations, government agencies and financial institutions with good credit rating. The Group does not expect any counterparty above fails to meet its obligations hence there is no significant credit risk arising from these counterparties.

3) Guarantees

The Group's policy is to provide financial guarantees only to wholly owned subsidiaries. On December 31, 2023 and 2022, no other guarantees were outstanding.

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TEX-RAY INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(iv) Liquidity risk

The Group manages and maintains sufficient cash and cash equivalents to support the operation and ease the impact of cash flow fluctuation. The management supervises the unused credit lines and ensures the compliance of loan contracts.

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. The Group's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it always has sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Group's reputation.

Bank loans were important resource of liquidity risk for the Group. For the unused credit line amount of the Group on December 31, 2023 and 2022, please refer to the Notes(k) and (m).

(v) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as foreign exchange rates, interest rates, and equity prices, will affect the Group's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimizing the return.

1) Currency risk

The Group is exposed to currency risk arising from sales, purchases and borrowings that are not denominated in functional currencies of the Group's main operating entities. The functional currency of the Group is primarily the New Taiwan Dollars (NTD), as well as US Dollars (USD), Euro (EUR), Chinese Yuan (CNY) and South African Rand (ZAR). The currencies used in these transactions are denominated in NTD, EUR, USD, CNY and ZAR.

The loan interest is denominated in the same currency as principal. Generally, borrowings are denominated in the same currencies that generates operating cash flows of the Group, mainly in NTD, as well as in USD and CNY. This provides an economic hedge without derivatives being entered into, and therefore, hedge accounting is not applied in these circumstances.

In respect of other monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies, the Group ensures that its net exposure is kept to an acceptable level by buying or selling foreign currencies at spot rates when necessary to address short-term imbalances.

2) Interest rate risk

The Group borrowed funds in the fixed and variable rate simultaneously, resulting in fair value change risk and cash flow risk. The Group manage the interest rate risk through maintaining a proper combination of fixed and variable rate.

3) Other market price risk

The Group is exposed to equity price risk due to the investments in domestic listed stocks. The Group does not actively trade these investments, and the management continuously monitor the price risk and assess the portfolio.

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TEX-RAY INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(y) Capital management

The Group's objectives for managing capital to safeguard the capacity to continue to operate, to continue to provide a return on shareholders, to maintain the interest of other related parties, and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the dividend payment to the shareholders, reduce the capital for redistribution to shareholders, issue new shares, or sell assets to settle any liabilities.

The Group and other entities in the same industry use the debt-to-equity ratio to manage capital. This ratio is the total net debt divided by the total capital. The net debt from the balance sheet is derived from the total liabilities less cash and cash equivalents. The total capital and equity include share capital, capital surplus, retained earnings, other equity and non-controlling interests plus net debt.

As of December 31, 2023, the Group's capital management strategy is consistent with the prior year. The Group's debt-to-equity ratio at the end of the reporting period as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, were as follows:

	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
Total liabilities	\$ 5,364,243	5,437,534
Less: cash and cash equivalents	<u>(2,102,688)</u>	<u>(2,144,613)</u>
Net debt	3,261,555	3,292,921
Total equity	<u>2,902,558</u>	<u>3,218,955</u>
Adjusted equity	<u>\$ 6,164,113</u>	<u>6,511,876</u>
Debt-to-equity ratio	<u>52.91%</u>	<u>50.57%</u>

(7) Related-party transactions:

(a) Names and relationship with related parties

Name of related party	Relationship with the Group
SEN JEWEL TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.	Same president with the Company
Yancheng Nanwei Composite Material R & D Co., Ltd.	Key management personnel of the entity is the subsidiary of the group
Ray Lin	President of the Company
Feng-Ying Yeh	Key management personnel
Yao Wan-Kuei	Key management personnel

(Continued)

TEX-RAY INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(b) Significant transactions with related parties

(i) Sales

The amounts of sales to the related parties were as follows:

	For the years ended December 31	
	2023	2022
Associates	<u>\$ 6</u>	<u>593</u>

The payment terms ranged from one to three months, which were no difference from the those given to other customers. The pricing cannot be compared due to the specifications and styles of the orders.

(ii) Leases

The Group leased its factory buildings and offices to associates and other related party in lease terms of a year. The rental income was paid on a monthly basis. For years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, there were zero and \$15 thousand, respectively.

(iii) Loans to related parties

Account	Relationship	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
Accounted as other payables due to related parties			
Key management personnel-Feng Ying, Yeh		\$ 50,000	-
Key management personnel-Yao Wan-Kuei		12,000	12,000
Other related parties		<u>12,981</u>	<u>8,816</u>
		<u>\$ 74,981</u>	<u>20,816</u>
Range of interest rates		<u>2%~4%</u>	<u>2%~4%</u>

Account	Relationship	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
Interest payable	Key management personnel	<u>\$ 391</u>	<u>32</u>

Account	Relationship	For the years ended December 31 2023	2022
Interest expense	Key management personnel	<u>\$ 1,212</u>	<u>523</u>

No collaterals were pledged for the abovementioned loans.

(iv) Advance receipts

The advance receipts from related parties were as follows:

	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
Other related parties	<u>\$ 690</u>	<u>690</u>

(Continued)

TEX-RAY INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(v) Property transactioni

- 1) On September 15, 2023, the Group contracted with one of the other related parties to sell 15% equity in a subsidiary, WEI LI TEXTILE, at a total price of \$6,000 thousand dividend into \$10 per share.
- 2) On December 1, 2023, the Group contracted with one of the other related parties to transfer to it 100% equity in a subsidiary, Taiwan Innovation (HK), whose net value amounting to \$310 thousand on the agreement date was the transaction price.

(c) Key management personnel compensation

Key management personnel compensation comprised:

	For the years ended December 31	
	2023	2022
Short-term employee benefits	\$ 19,050	29,329
Post-employment benefits	820	816
	\$ 19,870	30,145

(8) Pledged assets:

The carrying values of pledged assets were as follows:

Pledged assets	Pledged to secure	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
Other financial assets – current and non-current	Collateral for long-term and short-term borrowings, guarantee of litigation and performance	\$ 247,984	191,200
Property, plant and equipment	Collateral for long-term and short-term borrowings	1,041,999	1,090,034
Investment property	Collateral for long-term borrowings	1,221,906	1,236,035
Right-of-use assets	Collateral for short-term borrowings	61,486	65,524
		\$ 2,573,375	2,582,793

(Continued)

TEX-RAY INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(9) Commitments and contingencies:

(a) Significant commitments and contingencies were as follows:

(i) Outstanding standby letter of credit

	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
USD	<u>\$ 61</u>	<u>7,314</u>

(10) Losses due to major disasters: None

(11) Subsequent events: None

(12) Other:

A summary of current-period employee benefits, depreciation, and amortization, by function, is as follows:

	For the year ended December 31					
	2023			2022		
	Cost of Sale	Operating Expense	Total	Cost of Sale	Operating Expense	Total
By item						
Employee benefits						
Salary	\$ 569,954	440,904	1,010,858	701,434	499,249	1,200,683
Labor and health insurance	36,937	34,981	71,918	49,030	37,806	86,836
Pension	17,273	23,271	40,544	20,706	24,320	45,026
Others	24,360	22,526	46,886	39,646	29,419	69,065
Depreciation	135,898	76,892	212,790	114,366	89,116	203,482
Depletion	-	-	-	-	-	-
Amortization	1,426	16,116	17,542	1,330	16,075	17,405

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TEX-RAY INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(13) Other disclosures:

(a) Information on significant transactions:

The following is the information on significant transactions required by the “Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers” for the Group:

(i) Loans to other parties:

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Number	Name of lender	Name of borrower	Account name	Related party	Highest balance of financing to other parties during the period	Ending balance	Actual usage amount during the period	Range of interest rates during the period	Purposes of fund financing for the borrower	Transaction amount for business between two parties	Reasons for short-term financing	Allowance for bad debt	Collateral		Individual funding loan limits	Maximum limit of fund financing
													Item	Value		
0	The Company	TRYD APPAREL	Other accounts receivable-related party	Yes	64,850	61,410	-	4%	2	-	Operating turnover	-	-	-	1,105,805	1,105,805
0	The Company	GOOD TIME	"	Yes	37,506	36,846	36,846	2.5%	1	-	Operating turnover	-	-	-	1,105,805	1,105,805
0	The Company	TRYD TEXTILE	"	Yes	64,850	61,410	61,410	4%	2	-	Operating turnover	-	-	-	1,105,805	1,105,805
0	The Company	AIQ-S	"	Yes	32,425	30,705	26,283	4%	2	-	Operating turnover	-	-	-	1,105,805	1,105,805
1	Z-PLY(NY)	TRYD TEXTILE	"	Yes	129,700	122,820	92,115	2.5%	2	-	Operating turnover	-	-	-	317,763	476,654
1	Z-PLY(NY)	TEXRAY (MEXICO)	"	Yes	64,850	61,410	-	2.5%	2	-	Operating turnover	-	-	-	317,763	476,654
1	Z-PLY(NY)	AMRAY (MEXICO)	"	Note 6	31,860	-	-	2.5%	2	-	Operating turnover	-	-	-	317,763	476,654
2	TEX-RAY (SHANGHAI)	TRYD TEXTILE	"	Yes	266,891	260,133	189,680	6%	2	-	Operating turnover	-	-	-	420,308	630,462
2	TEX-RAY (SHANGHAI)	TRYD APPAREL	"	Yes	88,964	86,711	-	6%	2	-	Operating turnover	-	-	-	420,308	630,462
2	TEX-RAY (SHANGHAI)	AIQ(Zhejiang)	"	Yes	66,721	65,033	56,362	5.5%	2	-	Operating turnover	-	-	-	168,123	168,123
3	TEX-RAY (MEXICO)	AMRAY (MEXICO)	"	Note 6	94,624	-	-	2.5%	2	-	Operating turnover	-	-	-	377,635	566,453
4	TEX-RAY (CAYMAN)	TEXRAY (MEXICO)	"	Yes	129,700	122,820	26,713	2.5-4%	2	-	Operating turnover	-	-	-	552,186	828,279
4	TEX-RAY (CAYMAN)	AMRAY (MEXICO)	"	Note 6	286,740	-	-	2.5-4%	2	-	Operating turnover	-	-	-	552,186	828,279

Note 1: Financing purposes:

- 1) Business dealings
- 2) Short-term financing needs

Note 2: The maximum limit of Capital Finance is limited to 40% of the company's net value, so the calculation is based on the net value of the most recent financial report. The calculation limit is $2,764,513 \text{ thousand NTD} \times 40\% = 1,105,805 \text{ thousand NTD}$.

Note 3: The loan amount of individual objects is limited to not more than 40% of the company's net value, so the calculation is based on the net value of the most recent financial report. The calculation limit is $2,764,513 \text{ thousand NTD} \times 40\% = 1,105,805 \text{ thousand NTD}$.

Note 4: The maximum limit of capital financing is limited to 40% of the net value of the financial report of the loan and the company. However, the maximum limit of 100% holding of foreign subsidiary financing is limited to 150% of the company's financial report net value.

Note 5: The loan amount of individual objects shall not exceed 40% of the subsidiary's financial report net value. However, the amount of loans to individual objects between 100% held foreign subsidiaries shall not exceed 100% of the net value of the financial report of the subsidiary.

Note 6: From July 1, 2023, AMRAY (MEXICO) was no longer a Group entity or a related party.

Note 7: All intra-group transactions are eliminated in full upon consolidation.

(Continued)

TEX-RAY INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(ii) Guarantees and endorsements for other parties:

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

No.	Name of guarantor	Counter-party of guarantee and endorsement		Limitation on amount of guarantees and endorsements for a specific enterprise	Highest balance for guarantees and endorsements during the period	Balance of guarantees and endorsements as of reporting date	Actual usage amount during the period	Property pledged for guarantees and endorsements (Amount)	Ratio of accumulated amounts of guarantees and endorsements to net worth of the latest financial statements	Maximum amount for guarantees and endorsements	Parent company endorsements/ guarantees to third parties on behalf of subsidiary	Subsidiary endorsements/ guarantees to third parties on behalf of parent company	Endorsements/ guarantees to third parties on behalf of companies in Mainland China
		Name	Relationship with the Company										
0	The Company	TRYD TEXTILE	2	1,382,257	825,210	721,568	506,160	290,087	26.10 %	2,764,513	Y	N	Y
0	The Company	TRYD APPAREL	2	1,382,257	251,360	153,525	52,027	-	5.55 %	2,764,513	Y	N	Y
0	The Company	TEX-RAY (VN)	2	1,382,257	60,960	46,058	-	-	1.67 %	2,764,513	Y	N	N
0	The Company	TEX-RAY (SHANGHAI)	2	1,382,257	106,756	104,053	57,880	-	3.76 %	2,764,513	Y	N	Y
0	The Company	TST	2	1,382,257	20,000	20,000	-	-	0.72 %	2,764,513	Y	N	N
0	The Company	AIQ(Zhejiang)	2	1,382,257	63,720	-	-	-	- %	2,764,513	Y	N	Y
0	The Company	AIQ	2	1,382,257	71,000	71,000	39,771	29,455	2.57 %	2,764,513	Y	N	N
0	The Company	WEI LI TEXTILE	2	1,382,257	150,000	150,000	75,164	23,513	5.43 %	2,764,513	Y	N	N
1	TEX-RAY (SHANGHAI)	TEX-RAY (KUNSHAN)	2	420,308	44,482	43,355	22,545	-	10.32 %	630,462	N	N	Y
2	TRYD TEXTILE	TRYD APPAREL	4	1,382,257	177,927	173,422	173,422	163,029	6.27 %	2,764,513	N	N	Y

Note 1: The relationship between the guarantee and the guarantor are as follows:

1. Transactions between the companies.
2. The Company directly or indirectly holds more than 50% voting right.
3. When other companies directly or indirectly hold more than 50% voting rights of the Company.
4. The Company directly or indirectly holds more than 90% voting right.
5. A company that is mutually protected under contractual requirements based on the needs of the contractor.
6. A company that is endorsed by all the contributing shareholders in accordance with their shareholding ratio due to joint investment relationship.

Note 2: The maximum limit of endorsement guarantee is limited to not exceeding 100% of the net value of the company's latest financial report, so the calculation is based on the net value of the most recent financial report, and the calculation limit is 2,764,513 thousand NTD $\times 100\% = 2,764,513$ thousand NTD.

Note 3: The limit for a single enterprise endorsement guarantee is limited to 50% of the net value of the company's latest financial report. Therefore, the calculation is based on the net value of the latest financial report. The calculation limit is 2,764,513 thousand NTD $\times 50\% = 1,382,257$ thousand NTD.

Note 4: The amount of the endorsement guarantee provided to a single enterprise in business dealings shall not exceed the total amount of business dealings in the twelve months before the endorsement of the two parties.

Note 5: The maximum limit of overseas subsidiary endorsement guarantee is limited to 150% of the net value of each subsidiary's latest financial statement, and the limit of endorsement guarantee for individual objects is limited to 100% of the net value of each subsidiary's latest financial statement.

(iii) Securities held as of December 31, 2023 (excluding investment in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures):

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Name of holder	Category and name of security	Relationship with company	Account title	Ending balance				Highest Percentage of ownership (%)	Note
				Shares/Units (thousands)	Carrying value	Percentage of ownership (%)	Fair value		
The Company	SHIN ERA TECH	-	Non current financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	68	-	1.88 %	-	1.88 %	
The Company	Cayman iMaker Technology Inc.	-	Non current financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	800	-	8.80 %	-	8.80 %	
The Company	TAIWAN United Outdoor Group, Inc.	-	Non current financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	500	-	15.67 %	-	15.67 %	

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TEX-RAY INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
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Name of holder	Category and name of security	Relationship with company	Account title	Ending balance				Highest Percentage of ownership (%)	Note
				Shares/Units (thousands)	Carrying value	Percentage of ownership (%)	Fair value		
The Company	PHYSICLO, Inc.	-	Non current financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	51	-	5.00 %	-	5.00 %	
The Group	Carbon Cap Applications Technology Co.	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss-current	832	8,264	16.00 %	8,264	16.00 %	
The Company	Uniigym Global	-	Non current financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	250	-	2.24 %	-	2.24 %	
The Company	eAi Technologies Inc.	-	Non current financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	1,282	13,310	12.82 %	13,310	12.82 %	
AIQ	Joiup Technology Co., Ltd.	-	Non current financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	333	-	4.60 %	-	4.60 %	
ZENG-RAY	SEN JEWEL TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.	-	Non current financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	950	6,190	19.00 %	6,190	19.00 %	
TEX-RAY (CAYMAN)	AMRAY (MEXICO)	-	Non current financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	-	19,252	19.00 %	19,252	19.00 %	
Z-PLY (NY)	SHEEX, INC.	-	Non current financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	59	-	15.33 %	-	15.33 %	

Note: The stocks of unlisted OTC companies have no market price to follow, so they are listed based on the net equity value multiplied by the shareholding ratio or equity evaluation report for reference.

- (iv) Individual securities acquired or disposed of with accumulated amount exceeding the lower of NT\$300 million or 20% of the capital stock: None
- (v) Acquisition of individual real estate with amount exceeding the lower of NT\$300 million or 20% of the capital stock: None
- (vi) Disposal of individual real estate with amount exceeding the lower of NT\$300 million or 20% of the capital stock: None
- (vii) Related-party transactions for purchases and sales with amounts exceeding the lower of NT\$100 million or 20% of the capital stock:

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Name of company	Related party	Nature of relationship	Transaction details				Transactions with terms different from others		Notes/Accounts receivable (payable)		Note
			Purchase/Sale	Amount	Percentage of total purchases/sales	Payment terms	Unit price	Payment terms	Ending balance	Percentage of total notes/accounts receivable (payable)	
The Company	Z-PLY(NY)	Subsidiary	Sale	\$ (491,542)	(23.21) %	45 days	-		42,682	13.85%	
The Company	T.Q.M. (SWAZILAND)	Sub-subsiidiary	Sale	(119,312)	(5.63) %	30 days	-		22,321	7.25%	
TRYD APPAREL	Z-PLY(NY)	Affiliated company	Sale	(101,818)	(20.36) %	90 days	-		19,158	16.16%	
T.Q.M.(SWAZILAND)	TEX-RAY(SA)	Parent company	Sale	(904,283)	(94.94) %	75 days	-		1,004,864	99.43%	
KASUMI(SWAILAND)	T.Q.M (SWAZILAND)	Affiliated company	Sale	(124,688)	(99.40) %	75 days	-		312,201	100.00%	

(Continued)

TEX-RAY INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

Name of company	Related party	Nature of relationship	Transaction details				Transactions with terms different from others		Notes/Accounts receivable (payable)		Note
			Purchase/Sale	Amount	Percentage of total purchases/sales	Payment terms	Unit price	Payment terms	Ending balance	Percentage of total notes/accounts receivable (payable)	
TEX-RAY(VN)	The Company	Ultimate Parent company	Sale	(290,446)	(99.23) %	60 days	-		-	-%	
KMT	KMBV	Subsidiary	Sale	(141,057)	(33.42) %	90 days	-		22,420	35.98%	
Z-PLY(NY)	The Company	Parent company	Purchase	491,542	74.73 %	45 days	-		(42,682)	(65.76)%	
T.Q.M(SWAZILAND)	The Company	Ultimate Parent company	Purchase	119,312	18.03 %	30 days	-		(22,321)	(5.30)%	
Z-PLY(NY)	TRYD APPAREL	Affiliated company	Purchase	101,818	15.48 %	90 days	-		(19,158)	(29.52)%	
TEX-RAY (SA)	T.Q.M (SWAZILAND)	Subsidiary	Purchase	904,283	98.83 %	75 days	-		(1,004,864)	(99.81)%	
T.Q.M(SWAZILAND)	KASUMI (SWAZILAND)	Affiliated Company	Purchase	124,688	18.84 %	75 days	-		(312,201)	(74.08)%	
The Company	TEX-RAY(VN)	Sub-subsidiary	Purchase	290,446	16.55 %	60 days	-		-	-%	
KMBV	KMT	Subsidiary	Purchase	141,057	99.66 %	90 days	-		(22,420)	(94.55)%	

(viii) Receivables from related parties with amounts exceeding the lower of NT\$100 million or 20% of the capital stock:

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Name of company	Counter-party	Nature of relationship	Ending balance	Turnover rate	Overdue		Amounts received in subsequent period	Allowance for bad debts
					Amount	Action taken		
T.Q.M.(SWAZILAND)	TEX-RAY(SA)	Parent company	1,004,864	0.87%	-		93,073	-
KASUMI(SWAILAND)	T.Q.M.(SWAZILAND)	Affiliated company	312,201	0.36%	-		17,592	-
TEX-RAY (SHANGHAI)	TRYD TEXTILE	Affiliated company	189,680	Note 1	-		-	-

Note 1: Loan provided by the related party.

Note 2: All intra-group transactions are eliminated in full upon consolidation.

(ix) Trading in derivative instruments: None

(x) Business relationships and significant intercompany transactions:

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

No.	Name of company	Name of counter-party	Nature of relationship	Intercompany transactions			
				Account name	Amount	Trading terms	Percentage of the consolidated net revenue or total assets
0	The Company	Z-PLY(NY)	1	Sales revenue	491,542	Similar to non-related parties	10.79%
0	The Company	Z-PLY(NY)	1	Account receivable	42,682	Similar to non-related parties	0.52%
0	The Company	TEX-RAY(VN)	1	Other prepaid expenses	120,301	Similar to non-related parties	1.46%
0	The Company	T.Q.M.(SWAZILAND)	1	Sales revenue	119,312	Similar to non-related parties	2.62%
0	The Company	T.Q.M.(SWAZILAND)	1	Account receivable	22,321	Similar to non-related parties	0.27%
0	The Company	GOOD TIME	1	Other receivable	36,846	By contract	0.45%
0	The Company	AIQ-S	1	Other receivable	26,283	By contract	0.32%
0	The Company	TRYD TEXTILE	1	Other receivable	61,410	By contract	0.74%
0	The Company	TRLA GROUP	1	Sales revenue	18,515	Similar to non-related parties	0.41%
1	TEX-RAY(CAYMAN)	TEX-RAY(MEXICO)	3	Other receivable	26,713	By contract	0.32%
2	TRYD APPAREL	Z-PLY (NY)	3	Account receivable	19,158	Similar to non-related parties	0.23%
2	TRYD APPAREL	Z-PLY (NY)	3	Sales revenue	101,818	Similar to non-related parties	2.24%
2	TRYD APPAREL	TEX-RAY (SHANGHAI)	3	Account receivable	32,711	Similar to non-related parties	0.40%
2	TRYD APPAREL	TEX-RAY (SHANGHAI)	3	Sales revenue	80,749	Similar to non-related parties	1.77%
2	TRYD APPAREL	The Company	2	Sales revenue	19,312	Similar to non-related parties	0.42%
3	TEX-RAY (SHANGHAI)	TRYD TEXTILE	3	Sales revenue	24,587	Similar to non-related parties	0.54%
3	TEX-RAY (SHANGHAI)	TRYD TEXTILE	3	Account receivable	15,468	Similar to non-related parties	0.19%

(Continued)

TEX-RAY INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

No.	Name of company	Name of counter-party	Nature of relationship	Intercompany transactions			
				Account name	Amount	Trading terms	Percentage of the consolidated net revenue or total assets
3	TEX-RAY (SHANGHAI)	Z-PLY (NY)	3	Sales revenue	79,021	Similar to non-related parties	1.73%
3	TEX-RAY (SHANGHAI)	Z-PLY (NY)	3	Account receivable	16,468	Similar to non-related parties	0.20%
3	TEX-RAY (SHANGHAI)	The Company	2	Sales revenue	66,485	Similar to non-related parties	1.46%
3	TEX-RAY (SHANGHAI)	TRYD TEXTILE	3	Other receivable	189,680	By contract	2.29%
3	TEX-RAY (SHANGHAI)	AIQ (Zhejiang)	3	Other receivable	56,362	By contract	0.68%
4	T.Q.M.(SWAZILAND)	TEX-RAY (SA)	3	Account receivable	1,004,864	Similar to non-related parties	12.16%
4	T.Q.M.(SWAZILAND)	TEX-RAY (SA)	3	Sales revenue	904,283	Similar to non-related parties	19.85%
5	KASUMI(SWAILAND)	T.Q.M.(SWAZILAND)	3	Account receivable	312,201	Similar to non-related parties	3.78%
5	KASUMI(SWAILAND)	T.Q.M.(SWAZILAND)	3	Sales revenue	124,688	Similar to non-related parties	2.74%
5	KASUMI(SWAILAND)	T.Q.M.(SWAZILAND)	3	Other receivable	40,617	By agreement	0.49%
6	GOLDEN JUBILEE	KASUMI(SWAZILAND)	3	Sales revenue	17,944	Similar to non-related parties	0.39%
6	GOLDEN JUBILEE	T.Q.M.(SWAZILAND)	3	Sales revenue	71,072	Similar to non-related parties	1.56%
6	GOLDEN JUBILEE	T.Q.M.(SWAZILAND)	3	Account receivable	31,141	Similar to non-related parties	0.38%
7	AMRAY(MEXICO)	IRLA GROUP	3	Sales revenue	46,672	Similar to non-related parties	1.02%
8	Z-PLY(NY)	TRYD TEXTILE	3	Other receivable	92,115	By contract	1.11%
9	KMT	KMBV	3	Sales revenue	141,057	Fixed profit margin	3.10%
9	KMT	KMBV	3	Account receivable	22,420	Fixed profit margin	0.27%
10	TEX-RAY(VN)	The Company	2	Processing revenue	290,446	Similar to non-related parties	6.38%
11	TRYD TEXTILE	TRYD APPAREL	3	Sales revenue	28,012	Similar to non-related parties	0.61%
11	TRYD TEXTILE	TRYD APPAREL	3	Account receivable	73,975	Similar to non-related parties	0.89%
12	TEX-RAY (KUNSHAN)	TRYD APPAREL	3	Account receivable	85,850	Similar to non-related parties	1.04%
12	TEX-RAY (KUNSHAN)	TEX-RAY (SHANGHAI)	3	Sales revenue	30,398	Similar to non-related parties	0.67%
12	TEX-RAY (KUNSHAN)	TEX-RAY (SHANGHAI)	3	Account receivable	25,884	Similar to non-related parties	0.31%
13	TEX-RAY(SA)	TEXRAY HOLDINGS	3	Sales revenue	43,585	Similar to non-related parties	0.96%
13	TEX-RAY(SA)	TEXRAY HOLDINGS	3	Account receivable	39,036	Similar to non-related parties	0.47%

Note 1: The numbering is as follows:

1. "0" represents the parent company
2. Subsidiaries are sequentially numbered from 1 by company

Note 2: Relation between related parties are as follows:

1. Parent company and its subsidiaries
2. Subsidiaries and its parent company
3. Subsidiaries and its subsidiaries

Note 3: All intra-group transactions are eliminated in full upon consolidation.

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TEX-RAY INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(b) Information on investees:

The following is the information on investees for the years ended December 31, 2023 (excluding information on investees in Mainland China):

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Name of investor	Name of investee	Location	Main businesses and products	Original investment amount		Balance as of December 31, 2023			Highest Percentage of ownership	Net income (losses) of investee	Share of profits/losses of investee	Note
				December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022	Shares	Percentage of ownership	Carrying value				
The Company	Great CPT	TAIWAN	Overseas investment holding	124,370	124,370	5,000,000	100.00 %	58,074	100.00 %	(9,476)	(9,576)	Subsidiary
The Company	KMT	TAIWAN	Non-woven fabrics, copper secondary processing and fabric retailing, etc	83,002	83,002	12,924,963	59.22 %	253,080	59.22 %	90,539	53,613	Subsidiary
The Company	ZHENG-RAY	TAIWAN	Trading and manufacturing of Spinning and weaving	63,000	63,000	11,580,000	100.00 %	96,516	100.00 %	16,555	15,689	Subsidiary
The Company	WEI LI TEXTILE	TAIWAN	Wholesale trade	21,440	27,440	2,144,000	53.60 %	(38,278)	68.60 %	(42,048)	(26,701)	Subsidiary
The Company	FLYNN (SAMOA)	SAMOA	Overseas investment holding	-	310,613	-	- %	-	100.00 %	(774)	(774)	Note 2
The Company	TEX-RAY (BELIZE)	BELIZE	Overseas investment holding	1,063,287	1,063,287	32,348,213	100.00 %	421,164	100.00 %	8,530	8,530	Subsidiary
The Company	TEX-RAY (BN)	SAMOA	Overseas investment holding	1,716,818	1,756,813	60,679,330	100.00 %	(447,724)	100.00 %	(97,992)	(97,992)	Subsidiary
The Company	TEX-RAY (SA)	SOUTH AFRICA	Marketing and trading	102,704	102,704	39,651,771	100.00 %	1,376,479	100.00 %	4,316	4,316	Subsidiary
The Company	TEX-RAY (CAYMAN)	CAYMAN	Overseas investment holding	1,430,570	1,414,580	46,542,722	100.00 %	552,187	100.00 %	30,271	30,271	Subsidiary
The Company	AIQ	TAIWAN	Wholesale trade	163,512	163,512	11,503,200	70.44 %	(55,512)	70.44 %	(81,006)	(57,063)	Subsidiary
The Company	Z-PLY (NY)	USA	Marketing and trading	314,490	314,490	200	100.00 %	386,193	100.00 %	(36,130)	(36,130)	Subsidiary
The Company	TRLA GROUP	USA	Marketing and trading	42,109	42,109	2,936,000	100.00 %	39,661	100.00 %	(1,292)	(1,292)	Subsidiary
The Company	FABRICFOUN DRY	MAURITIUS	Marketing and trading	9,723	-	30,000	100.00 %	8,650	100.00 %	(562)	(562)	Subsidiary
TEX-RAY (BN)	GOOD TIME	VIETNAM	Garment processing	227,750	227,750	-	100.00 %	(9,462)	100.00 %	(16,864)	Exempt from disclosure	Sub-subsiary
TEX-RAY (BN)	MSWATI	MAURITIUS	Overseas investment holding	1,160,125	1,160,125	-	100.00 %	(546,360)	100.00 %	(45,058)	Exempt from disclosure	Sub-subsiary
TEX-RAY (BN)	TEXRAY (VN)	VIETNAM	Garment processing	423,990	423,990	-	100.00 %	103,836	100.00 %	(27,303)	Exempt from disclosure	Sub-subsiary
TEX-RAY (BN)	TRCA GARMENT	CAMBODIA	Garment processing	87,361	63,564	-	100.00 %	523	100.00 %	-	Exempt from disclosure	Sub-subsiary
Great CPT	TEXRAY (SWAZILAND)	ESWATINI	Garment processing	158,524	158,524	12,417,938	100.00 %	3,438	100.00 %	77	Exempt from disclosure	Sub-subsiary
ZHENG-RAY	HUAI WEI	TAIWAN	Biotechnology Service	9,540	9,540	1,200,000	60.00 %	(2,507)	60.00 %	(252)	Exempt from disclosure	Sub-subsiary
ZHENG-RAY	TST	TAIWAN	Printing and dyeing finishing, machinery and equioment manufacturing and whole sale, etc.	68,067	68,067	5,371,250	75.63 %	73,233	75.63 %	16,779	Exempt from disclosure	Sub-subsiary
KMT	KMBV	NETHERLANDS	Marketing and trading	7,950	7,950	200,000	100.00 %	14,302	100.00 %	2,893	Exempt from disclosure	Sub-subsiary
AIQ	AIQ-S	UK	Development of smart clothing technology	15,419	15,419	396,266	50.00 %	(4,370)	50.00 %	(2,431)	Exempt from disclosure	Sub-subsiary
AIQ	Taiwan Innovation(HK)	HONG KONG	Development of smart clothing technology	-	390	-	- %	-	100.00 %	(923)	Exempt from disclosure	Sub-subsiary
TEX-RAY (CAYMAN)	TEX-RAY (MEXICO)	MEXICO	Dyeing	1,168,882	1,168,882	-	100.00 %	377,635	100.00 %	38,530	Exempt from disclosure	Sub-subsiary
TEX-RAY (CAYMAN)	AMRAY (MEXICO)	MEXICO	Garment processing	20,233	178,119	-	19.00 %	19,252	100.00 %	(17,302)	Exempt from disclosure	Note 2
TEXRAY (SA)	KASUMI (SWAZILAND)	ESWATINI	Trading and manufacturing of Spinning and weaving	43,461	43,461	1,657,400	100.00 %	352,132	100.00 %	3,533	Exempt from disclosure	Sub-subsiary
TEXRAY (SA)	T.Q.M. (SWAZILAND)	ESWATINI	Dyeing	569,316	569,316	132,525,183	100.00 %	1,032,635	100.00 %	(63,565)	Exempt from disclosure	Sub-subsiary
TEXRAY (SA)	U.I.W.(SWAZI LAND)	ESWATINI	Garment processing	47,508	47,508	12,031,000	100.00 %	18,921	100.00 %	204	Exempt from disclosure	Sub-subsiary
TEXRAY (SA)	J.M. (SWAZILAND)	ESWATINI	Dyeing and finishing of fabrics, clothing sales	12,908	12,908	5,618,729	100.00 %	5,361	100.00 %	1,428	Exempt from disclosure	Sub-subsiary
TEXRAY (SA)	GOLDEN (SWAZILAND)	ESWATINI	Garment processing	10,800	10,800	5,000,000	100.00 %	46,435	100.00 %	7,419	Exempt from disclosure	Sub-subsiary
TEXRAY (SA)	TEXRAY HOLDINGS	SOUTH AFRICA	Marketing and trading	857	-	500,000	100.00 %	1,082	100.00 %	253	Exempt from disclosure	Sub-subsiary

Note 1: All intra-group transactions are eliminated in full upon consolidation.

Note 2: Please refer to Note 4(c) for consolidated components.

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TEX-RAY INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(c) Information on investment in Mainland China:

(i) The names of investees in Mainland China, the main businesses and products, and other information:

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Name of investee	Main businesses and products	Total amount of paid-in capital	Method of investment	Accumulated outflow of investment from Taiwan as of January 1, 2023	Investment flows		Accumulated outflow of investment from Taiwan as of December 31, 2023	Net income (losses) of the investee	Percentage of ownership	Highest percentage of ownership	Investment income (losses)	Book value	Accumulated remittance of earnings in current period
					Outflow	Inflow							
TEX-RAY (SHANGHAI)	Operating textile storage, trading, distribution, display and technology development	282,574	(2)	282,574	-	-	282,574	8,691	100.00%	100.00%	8,691	420,308	-
TEX-RAY (YANCHENG)	Manufacturing and sales of textiles, clothing, shoes and hats	99,162	(3)	-	-	-	-	(4,127)	100.00%	100.00%	(4,127)	(4,078)	-
TEXRAY (KUNSHAN)	Development of composite fabrics	168,268	(3)	-	-	-	-	4,898	100.00%	100.00%	4,898	187,730	-
TRYD TEXTILE	Garment processing and engaged in spinning, weaving, highend fabrics, bleaching and dyeing, printing and garment production	1,749,139	(2)	1,235,108	-	-	1,235,108	(39,609)	100.00%	100.00%	(39,609)	(266,408)	-
TRYD ARRAREL	Knitted garment processing	164,220	(2)	86,711	-	-	86,711	(8,178)	100.00%	100.00%	(8,178)	(185,922)	-
KM (SHANGHAI)	Wholesale of glass products, high-efficiency insulation materials, textiles, clothing, apparel and accessories	62,008	(2)	62,008	-	-	62,008	(50,492)	70.44%	70.44%	(35,567)	(66,331)	-
AIQ (Zhejiang)	System development, production and sales of smart devices	20,947	(3)	-	-	-	-	(47,330)	70.44%	70.44%	(33,339)	(80,016)	-
TRYD ARRAREL (HENAN) (Note 3)	Garment processing	-	(2)	46,494	-	-	46,494	-	-%	-%	-	-	-
TRYD TEXTILE RESEARCH INSTITUTE (Note 4)	Technology research and development of polymer composite materials and new textile material	49,149	(3)	-	-	-	-	-	-%	-%	-	-	-
Wei-Da Testing	Testing service and environmental assessment	31,065	(3)	-	-	-	-	806	100.00%	100.00%	806	9,915	-
SHANGHAI JIN PEILI (Note 5)	Weaving, dyeing and finishing of high-end fabrics, sales of products of the company	111,088	(2)	14,321	-	-	14,321	-	-%	-%	-	-	-
JIANAN TEXTILE (Note 6)	Weaving, dyeing and finishing of high-grade fabrics	29,613	(2)	29,613	-	-	29,613	-	-%	-%	-	-	-

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TEX-RAY INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

Note 1: Three types of investment method are as follows:

1. Directly investing in the mainland area
2. Investing in the mainland through companies in another country (Please refer to Note 4(c)).
3. Other methods

Note 2: The investment gains and losses recognized at the equity method are based on the financial information of the mainland investee companies, which was audited by the auditors of parent company during the same fiscal period.

Note 3: The business was deregistered in November 2015, and the share capital was remitted back to the upper parent company MSWATI in March 2016.

Note 4: The business was liquidated in October 2019.

Note 5: The business was liquidated in December 2012.

Note 6: The business was deregistered in June 2012, and only the investment fund was remitted back to the upper parent company MSWATI.

Note 7: The numbers listed above are presented in NTD, according to the currency rate on December 31, 2023. (USD: 30.705, CNY: 4.3270)

(ii) Limitation on investment in Mainland China

The Company had obtained the certification letter of the operating headquarters from the Ministry of Economic Affairs on July 12, 2021. The validity period is from June 29, 2021 to June 28, 2024, and there is no such restriction of ceiling on investment in Mainland China.

(iii) Significant transactions:

The significant inter-company transactions with the subsidiary in Mainland China, which were eliminated in the preparation of consolidated financial statements, are disclosed in "Information on significant transactions".

(d) Major shareholders:

Shareholder's Name	Shareholding	Shares	Percentage
Yue-Da Textile holdings, Ltd B.V		42,052,440	17.99 %
Nan-Yu, Guo		23,680,000	10.13 %
Suzhou Wei-De Co., Ltd.		23,362,466	9.99 %
Feng-Ying, Yeh		14,280,000	6.11 %

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TEX-RAY INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(14) Segment information:

(a) General information

- (i) The Group's reportable segments are as below: the dyeing and wearing segment, the garment process segment, the Machine manufacturing segment, the Metal Fiber segment and other segments. They are respectively engaged in the weaving, manufacturing and processing, dyeing and finishing and trading of cotton, cloth, various fibers and textiles, and cotton yarn purchasing, export business, garment processing and export business, etc.
- (ii) The operating results of all operating departments are regularly reported to the Company's operating decision-makers for resource allocation and for evaluation of their performance. It was prepared on a basis consistent with the consolidated financial statements.

(b) Information about reportable segments and their measurement and reconciliations

The Group uses the internal management report that the chief operating decision maker reviews as the basis to determine resource allocation and make a performance evaluation. The internal management report includes profit before taxation, but not including any extraordinary activity and foreign exchange gain or losses because taxation, extraordinary activity, and foreign exchange gain or losses are managed on a group basis, and hence they are not able to be allocated to each reportable segment. In addition, not all reportable segments include depreciation and amortization of significant non-cash items. The reportable amount is similar to that in the report used by the chief operating decision maker.

The operating segment accounting policies are similar to those described in note (4) "Summary of significant accounting policies" except for the recognition and measurement of pension cost, which is on a cash basis.

The Group treated intersegment sales and transfers as third-party transactions. They are measured at market price.

The Group's operating segment information and reconciliation were as follows:

For the year ended December 31, 2023	Dyeing and weaving segment	Garment processing segment	Machine Manufacturing segment	Metal Fiber segment	Other	Adjustment and eliminations	Total
Revenue from external customers \$	357,394	3,557,970	162,014	470,120	7,853	-	4,555,351
Intersegment revenues	331,337	2,205,157	25	156,437	124,484	(2,817,440)	-
Total revenue	\$ 688,731	5,763,127	162,039	626,557	132,337	(2,817,440)	4,555,351
Interest revenue	\$ 4,776	70,397	1,550	1,590	24,747	(20,826)	82,234
Interest expenses	\$ 47,073	25,453	-	13,450	53,722	(20,826)	118,872
Depreciation and amortization	\$ 60,324	88,787	2,700	34,643	43,878	-	230,332
Share of profit (loss) of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method	\$ -	-	-	-	-	-	-
Reportable segment profit or loss	\$ (14,920)	91,637	19,917	29,220	(192,704)	-	(66,850)

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TEX-RAY INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
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For the year ended December 31, 2022	Dyeing and weaving segment	Garment processing segment	Machine Manufacturing segment	Metal Fiber segment	Other	Adjustment and eliminations	Total
Revenue from external customers	\$ 529,738	4,979,578	105,166	491,044	23,694	-	6,129,220
Intersegment revenues	595,207	2,929,512	520	160,677	255,130	(3,941,046)	-
Total revenue	<u>\$ 1,124,945</u>	<u>7,909,090</u>	<u>105,686</u>	<u>651,721</u>	<u>278,824</u>	<u>(3,941,046)</u>	<u>6,129,220</u>
Interest revenue	<u>\$ 2,667</u>	<u>47,838</u>	<u>190</u>	<u>415</u>	<u>11,825</u>	<u>(30,495)</u>	<u>32,440</u>
Interest expenses	<u>\$ 47,353</u>	<u>35,364</u>	<u>48</u>	<u>11,947</u>	<u>35,764</u>	<u>(30,495)</u>	<u>99,981</u>
Depreciation and amortization	<u>\$ 65,467</u>	<u>82,769</u>	<u>3,492</u>	<u>34,642</u>	<u>34,517</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>220,887</u>
Share of profit (loss) of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Reportable segment profit or loss	<u>\$ (22,653)</u>	<u>194,899</u>	<u>3,098</u>	<u>29,448</u>	<u>(159,489)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>45,303</u>

Note: The departmental assets and liabilities information of the Group is not provided to the main management for reference or for decision-making purposes, and there is no need to disclose departmental assets and liabilities.

(c) Geographic information

In presenting information on the basis of geography, segment revenue is based on the geographical location of customers, please refer to Note 6(t) and segment assets are based on the geographical location of the assets.

Region	For the years ended December 31	
	2023	2022
Non-current assets		
Taiwan	\$ 2,374,512	2,376,040
America	58,919	65,734
China	677,987	727,363
Mexico	361,775	297,853
Africa	226,010	240,874
Vietnam	203,722	237,730
Others	9,299	21,873
	<u>\$ 3,912,224</u>	<u>3,967,467</u>

Non-current assets include property, plant and equipment use-of-right assets, investment property, intangible assets and other non-current assets, excluding financial instruments, deferred tax assets, pension fund assets, and rights arising from an insurance contract (non-current).

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TEX-RAY INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
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(d) Major customers

	For the years ended December 31	
	2023	2022
Customer A from garment processing segment	\$ 449,944	604,293
Customer B from garment processing segment	394,410	517,812
Customer C from garment processing segment	224,259	510,673
	\$ 1,068,613	1,632,778